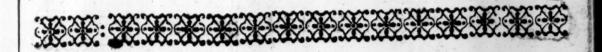
being



THE

LAMENTATIONS

OFTHE

Nonjuring Clergy, &c.



янт

LAMENTATIONS

TH

Nonjuring Olersy, &c.

Diamond Cut Diamond:

LAMENTATIONS

OFTHE

Nonjuring Clergy, &c.

AN HISTORICAL

POE.M,

FROMTHE

REFORMATION to this present Year M.DCC.XXIV.

With NOTES, proving the Breach of the Episcopal Succession, and Nullity of the Pretended Church of England.

LAM. i. 12. Is it nothing to all you, all ye that pass by? behold and see, if there be any Sorrow like unto my Sorrow?

The SECOND EDITION.

LONDON:

Printed and Sold by J. MARSHALL, at the Bible in Grace chu ch street; and J. PEELE, at Lock's Head in Pater Noster Row. 1724. (Price 1 s. 6d.)

Diamond Cut Diamond: HHT IATATAT on uning Clerry. AV HISTORICAL CRI IM. DCC.XXAV. S. proving the Breach of the Dail.ord Succession, and Ivality of the For rended Church of England. I x m. i 10. le je me l'en et de jeur, al 13 ébas par le s'été. beld and for friends on Somer income of the Moiria Taxoo Com Les constitues and a state of the second state of the first to





HE deep and serious Consideration of the deplorable and distracted State of the English Church, ever since the pretended Reformation, (for the most Part) cannot but draw Sighs and Tear; from the Hearts and Eyes of every

thoughtful, and true Churchman.

By a true Churchman, I mean, not such a one who believeth with the Nineteenth of King Edward's Articles, That the Church of Christ is the Congregation of faithful People where the Word of God is truly preached, and the Sacraments duly administred according to Christ's Ordinance, in all those Things which are of Necessity requisite thereunto: And that Episcopacy is not (Jure divino) essential unto, but a prudential Constitution for the good Government of the Church, and to be submitted unto, when establish'd by Authority; being the King's Bilbops, superior to Presbyters only in Degree, as they are advanced by the State to be Superintendants of certain Districts, or Diocesses, over the Clergy; not in Order, (Consecration of Bishops after ordained Priests, and from thence a pretended Superiority of Order, being originally an Antichristian Invention, only to aggrandize the Spiritual Regimen, and unwillingly complied withal by our first Reformers (as hereafter;) so mere Creatures of the State And on this Foot, our first Reformed, and our modern false Breihren, own the King's

PKEFACE.

Supremacy in Ecclesiasticks immediate under Christ; and as such, freely pray for him, giving him that usurp'd (not to say, blasphemous) Title, in the Face of

God and his Church.

But by a true Churchman, I mean such a one, who takes Bishops, Priests and Deacons, into his Desinition of a Church; having a true Sense of the Divine Right of Episcopacy, not only as an Order superior to, but as distinct from Presbyters; on which the very Essence of a Church depends, with a Priesthood by such ordained; without which, all Divine Ordinances are a Nullity, and independent on the State.

On which they refuse Communion with the Foreign Reformed, or any of their Teachers to officiate with us in our Churches, until re-ordained by Bishops; tho? both this was allowed by our first Reformed, and their Successors, for near Eighty Years; when about the middle of the Reign of King Charles I. the universal Notions of the Foreign Reformed, with our own at Home, (which had made almost indelible Traces in their Brains) were worn out, and the Church began to recover herself out of her long Lethargy; and the Scales falling off her Eyes, chiefly thro' the Means of that Great Luminary of our Church and glorious Martyr, Archbishop Laud; by whose Order, our Ambassa. dor reliding in France was oblig'd to withdraw Communion with the Protestant Church at Charenton, with which they had always joined in Worship, from the Reformation until that Time.

Such as these cannot look on the present State of the Church (as we will in Civility call her) but with the utmost Concern, (putting by the Regal Succession which has near the Heart of every true Churchman: The

Re-

Recovery of which is rather now to be wish'd, than

hoped for.)

f

0

a

)-

n

5,

e

n

15

r

e

t

n

e

f

.

1

e

e

e

e

Her main and essential Ligament of Life (the Epsicopal Succession) being broke; at best, we have no Manner of Certainty that it is not so, but rather a Certainty to the Contrary; and that we are thrown into the same wretched Condition with Scots, Dutch, and the rest of the Reformed abroad, lest to the uncovenant Mercy of God, like the Church of Sardis, we have a Name to live, but are dead.

No Marvel then, if those whom Heaven hath endowed with this Faith and Knowledge, and have any Sense of the Worth of, and any Regard for precious and immortal Souls, as we charitably hope the sar greater Part of our conforming Brethren still have, should breath after a happy Re-Union with that Church from which she so long since broke; remember from whence she is fallen, repent and do her first Works, that she may be brought within the certain Pale of Sal-

vation again.

For this we have not only longed for, and breathed after, with the Desire of the slothful, which kill them, because their Hands resuse to labour; but have, according to that Talent Heaven hath bless'd us withal, exerted our selves to bring the happy Thing about, in a regular Way: First, by restoring the Succession to the Crown; which done, the other falls in of course; which happy Matter we had brought to the very Crisis in the late Queen's Reign; but, by the sudden Blast of Heaven, unhappily disappointed. Since which, our renewed Attempts have met with the same Catastrophe, and some of us must no longer draw Breath in our native Air.

But

But the fingular, some of us, in our Punishment, (especially one of highest Order in the Church, who, thro' Prailty of the Flesh, often swallowed that unhallowed Pill, and his Heart being upright, we charitably hope God, by his Punishment, will bring him to Penance.) Thanks to Heaven, we are not so in our good Wishes and Desires: Seven Thousand, we hope, of our Order, God hath reserved unto himself, who hath not bowed the Knee unto Baal.

And the fome of them seem so to do, not only by taking all the Oaths by the present Authority imposed, but by praying for him, set over us with their Lips in Obedience to Authority, giving him all his Titles of Supremary in Ecclesiasticks, &c. As to the former we charactery hope they have mental Reservation satisfactory to their own Consciences; and as to the latter, they do not in truth give him those Titles, nor as such pray for him; but only tell their silly Hearers they are commanded so to do, which none but here and there a buily Observer takes any Notice of.

And for those who inadvertently do it without that prudent Equivocation, or something like it; their Hearts being upright in the Covenant with their God, the Church, and their King: We charitably hope the Lord will pardon them, when thus they bow in the House

of Rimmon.

Poem of Romance, but serious Truth, as near as the Humour of Poetry can be drawn down to grave History, which he will find quoted so far down as the present Age, the momentous Transactions of which cannot but be fresh in the Memory of every intelligent Observer.

If

If my Humour in the following Poem be sometimes more Luxuriant and sometimes Languid; the ingenious Reader will consider the Difference of being pinn'd down to Historical Matter of Fact and giving a Random Loose to the Fancy. Besides, 'tis natural for those Difficulties and Disappointments we have laboured under to raise the Hippo.

And if in an Historical Poem of almost two Hundred Tears it might not all seem Contiguous, the Reader must observe I am writing of the Church; and have not taken on me to reconcile her Humour one time with another, nor her Inconsistencies, but only to relate Matter of

Fact.

1.

n

of

h

y

It

-

1-

11

h

y

o, es

at

ts

d

Je

is

u-

יץ,

ut

If

Which that I might Impartially do, I have consulted some Popish as well as Protestant Historians, the latter of which having either quite smother'd, or at best slubber'd over some momentous Transactions, especially as to the Consecration of our sirst Protestant Bishops; that without reading and well conning Authors on both sides, it is impossible to come to the Knowledge of the Truth: which I, who am now a disinterested Person either way, have endeavoured impartially to do, and leave the Reader to Judge.

And the rather, that those of our Brethren who are Orthodox, as to the Succession, and supinely rest on this Notion (to wit) that by the Virtue of Gods promise the Gates of Hell shall not prevail against the Church; and it is as certain that the Essence of the Church depends on the unintercupt Succession of Bishops; therefore the Succession is infallibly preserved, tho we cannot trace it up to the Apostles, nor know any thing how about it: (which is

true,

true, as to the Universal or Cartholick Church; and there is no doubt but it is secured in some Branch or other of it. But as to any particular Church, it is building Castles in the Air to depend on that, if disjoint from the Catholick Church, unless the Succession can be proved uninterrupt from her) and rank themselves among the Low-Church, who have no other Notion of Succession but with the old Hum-Drum Reformers Faith and Verity, and are easy under the Church's deplorable State: I say, that these our Orthodox Brethren who are thus easily nusled up in this deplorable State, might rouse themfelves out of their supine Negligence, and Security; and exert themselves with utmost Vigour to Influence those Brethren of the Clergy who are otherwise minded, (fince we are in despair of obtaining it the regular way) that for at least the sake of tender Consciences, and the common Peace of the Church; they would accept that amicable Proposal at the Conclusion of this mournful Poem, That we may be no longer Aliens from the common wealth of Ifrael, Strangers to the Covenant of Promise, without Priest, without Hope, and without God in the World.



The

[I]

The ARGUMENT.

In Paths untrod, I fing, in mournful Lays, The [CHURCH] in Ante-Reformation Days; Her tott'ring and distracted State, e'er since Her antient Head of Union's drove from hence: How first insatiate Lust mounts Peter's Chair, Where a Lad and Lass, save one between, appear, Who aim to raise one [NEW] on antient Stock, But in the Embrio, the Succession's broke. In Birth, Queen Bess's Days, her Travil and Pain, Her Safety 'nd Ease, in James luxurious Reign; The hopeful State she attain'd by th' blessed Martyt, Her utter Overthrow and Ruin, Soon after; Her glorious State, from After-Restoration, 'Till fatal and remediless Revolution; Her dawning Hopes, in Reign of bleffed Anne, Dash'd all to pieces, from the German Strand; Her Prayers, ber Arms, ber Plots from ftrongest Pates, Succession to regain, in Church and State, Turn'd all against her, by the Hand of Fate: How broke Succession may be friendly regain'd, And High-Church, Low-Church Militat, Hand in Hand.

N Pious Times, e'er Heaven's fav'rite Nation
Had caught the wanton Itch for Reformation;
When Knowledge was peculiar to the Priest,
And what was suck'd, was from their sacred Breast;
To which they laid their soft and tender Mouth,
And glibly swallowed all for facred Truth:
Whilst undisturb'd, with (a) Lollard's specious Notion,
They kept their Church, and stuck to th' Old Devotion;
Rever'd

⁽d) Protestants first so called from Gualter Lellardus, a German, from whom Wickliff took his Notions:

Rever'd their God, their Spiritual Guides ador'd; Their Independence rarely made Discord: And when it did, the stiff-neck'd King was sain Bare-soot to walk, to the martyr'd Prelate's Shrine.

When a vile Lay Sinner's Soul, in horrid Fright,
Sate biv'ring on his Lips, to take its Flight,
And all his flagrant Sins before his Sight,
The Priest took tender Care to shew him's Fate,
If Heaven had's Soul, the Church must have's Estate.
The Wretch consents; (Combustions in his Breast)
Implores the Priest to send his Soul to Rest.
[He glad] pronounc'd, Good Sign of true Contrition,
From all thy Sins, I give thee Absolution.
Which made the Caitiss's wounded Spirit whole,
(And a Man, at any Rate, would save his Soul.)
The Smiles of Heaven crown'd the sacred Order,
And Earth her Blessings swell'd within their Border,
'Till near One Third of all the Laity's Land
Fell, by this Crast, into the Church's Hand.

The Church, to keep from worldly Geere unfil'd, And the Hands of each her Orders undefiled, Farm'd out her Glebes to Rural flaving Boors, Reserving copious, choice Provision Stores; Wheat, Pease, Oats, Beans, and Barley for the Malter; Eggs, Chickens, Capons, Pidgeons, Wax for the Altar; Geese, Ducks and Turkeys, roast Pigs, and sat Hogs, Lambs, Sheep, Calves, Beeves, and one to empt their Bogs; But the best on't all, these glorious Days of Whilom, Each Moon a Claram Lepidam puellam. (b)

The

⁽b) Ad purgandas Renes Domini Abbotis. A Clause in some antient Abbey-Leases, as Part of a Rent reservid.—— See Fuller's Ch. Histo in Reign of Hen. VIII.

The Church's Hopes did then most fairly stand,
When Love went with Religion, Hand in Hand:
Then, then she fairly emblem'd, that above,
Communion held in Pleasures, Joys, and Love;
The Church above, regal'd in Joys sublime;
Below, in Dainties, and salubrious Wine:
With extra Pleasures, suited to a Mind
Enlarged by Enjoyment, and by Art refin'd:
Beside a sacred Gust, no doubt, was giv'n,
Reward for precious Souls they sent to Heaven.
Thrice happy Albion, had those Days of Tore
Remain'd 'till now; but, alas! they're now no more,

No sooner had officious Tyndal's Zeal,
(Encourag'd by the itching Common-weal)
Those Oracles (c) obscure to English turn'd,
The wise, fore-seeing Church, thought fitter burn'd
Than Seeds of Schism, long before then sown,
But by her wise Severities kept down,
Took Rooting, and was spread all o'er the Land,
And to her growing Greatness put a Stand.

Lollardy daily encreas'd, and reach'd the Court, Her Wealth was envied, and her Faith their Sport.

King Henry'd lain so long in Katherine's Arms, He cold in's Love, she languid in her Charms; A Lust to change th' old Hen for younger Pullen, He cast those lustful Eyes on Ann-a-Bullen: But all Attempts prov'd vain, t' approach her Bed, Unless the Nuptial-Vows first crown' her Head; Which rais'd such Qualms in Henry's tender Breast, For living twenty Years in soul Incest,

B 2

To

⁽c) The Bible first translated, Anno 1537. Set forth in all Churches, by Authority.

Ba

T

Ea

PI

 $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{i}}$

W

T

R

T

TTFTAA

To ROME he sent, with flaming Zeal, of course T' obtain, from's Brother's Wise, a sair Divorce. That Court apprised, a Heretick sairly sate To fill those Arms so long enfolded Kate; Both Pope and Court not humouring such Lust, It gave the boisterous King so great Disgust, Forthwith the Monarch nick'd that luckless Season, To own the Pope's Supremacy's made High Treason.

The Church then made dependent on the State,

Garbled by Lay-men's Laws, O cruel Fate!

A Temporal Prince, or Lord, that Hour unbleft,

Became preferr'd to a Lord's anointed Priest.

The Spiritual Regimen thus left in Lurch, He laid his facraligious Hands on Church; Her Treasures plunder'd, seiz'd her sacred Lands, And cramm'd them all into unhallow'd Hands.

Some, his chief Favourites, were condemn'd to die,

Difowning this usurp'd Supremacy;

Whilst Lollard's thwarting Transubstantiation,
Were staming at the Stake, all o'er the Nation:
At both one Time and Place, were seen together,
Some hang'd for one Religion, burnt for t'other:
The Worship partly chang'd, the Faith remain'd
A Mongril Church, just like his Mongril Reign.

Her genuine Head being lopt, she's now a Monster, The usurp'd one dead, the Headship sell to a Youngster; Whose soft and by ass'd Mind, by's Education, Made Way for what they call'd the Reformation: Which, with Church-Lands, his Chiefs had in Possession, In each Lay Conscience made so deep Impression, From Council Orders were dispatch'd, some Scores, To shove the Old Religion out of Doors:

Back'd

^{*} King Edward VI.

Back'd by Lay-Visitors all o'er the Realm, To make the obsequious Church conform to them.

Now her, who once so glorious did appear, Her Hair dishevel'd, hung about her Ears: Each holy Altar chang'd for a common Table, Plac'd in the Church, and loll'd on by the Rabble; Fine Altar Pieces, Images of Saints, With num'rous, costly, holy, History Paints; The pious Care of many a zealous Age, Expos'd to Gospellers blind Zeal and Rage: Rich broider'd Altar-Cloths made Quilts for Cradles. And Antependiums hous'd and cover'd Saddles: The holy Roods were all condemn'd to Flames, Had Christ himself been there, 't had been the same, Organs, + the Heavenly Musick, were decry'd, The Anti-Christian Bagpipes laid aside. Three Bishops * huddle up their Common Prayer, From Roman Missal cull'd, and Breviar: The absolving Part, with the old, is much the same, And Baptism too, save Spittle, Salt, and Cream, And One Cross only made, instead of Ten.

Take all mysterious Power from the Priest, And leave before the Laity's Eyes no Mist; Thefe three Reforming Bishops well foresaw. Would much alloy the Laity's Reverend Awe: To make one born in Sin, an Heir of Heaven, Absolve, Old Sinners, and with God make even; None durst presume to Lay-men, e'er was given.

The Eucharift Office is as plain's Geneva;

There's nothing in it, touching \ Reve Casteva.

Had

[†] See the Homilies composed in that Reign.

^{*} Cranmer, Kidly, and Latimer.

³ A Term Juglers use with their Cups and Bails.

Had that one Office still remain'd the same,
This wondrous Change had not been quite so lame,
In that by Faith, the Old Church makes their God,
If's Worship please him not, their Hodmandods:
These Church Translators claiming no such Pow'r,
Their God may on their Service look but sour;
For tho' they use the utmost Force of Reason,
Unless they make him too, 'tis a Chance they please shim.

CALVIN, that Idol of the Reformation,
An Infidel, in Transubstantiacion,
Infallibility, and that Church-Power,
With which, we know, kind Heaven did endow her;
A Worship framed (plain) from Apostles Hands,
The Spouse of Christ being in her Swadling-Bands;
When glorious she appear'd alone within,
The Object of the Unbelievers grim.
Great Constantine, the Glory of this Isle,
Who gave to Pagan Worship mortal Foil;
Christ's Church (that Age) too homely for crown'd Heads,
Instancously, Imperial Edict spreads,
A Council calls, Apostles, true Successors,
To polish God's own Worship, sole Professors.
These holy Fathers holy Craft employ'th,

To draw Rome's Empire to the Christian Faith; Ceremonials, and a Worship, wisely frames, According to the Humour of those Times: A Hiearchy 'stablish'd by Imperial Law, Temples adorn'd, to strike a Reverend Awe; With Altars, Lamps, and Tapors, as of Old, And Wooden Challices were chang'd for Gold:

Their

T

T

T

F

G

T

T

R

A

W

B

T

B

Their Idol Gods, and all Idolatrous Paints, Were now exchang'd for Images of Saints: Th' once fam'd Pantheon, facred t' all the Gods, Was now to all the Saints; O bleffed Odds! The Gods and Goddesses most holy Days, Was chang'd to Saints, and to Apostles Praise: Venus and Cupid, (which cannot but please us) For the Virgin Mary, and her holy Jesus: For Peter Jove, and Mars for Paul are barter'd. Gods for Apostles, Demy-gods for Martyrs. The Church became august, and most devout, The Spouse of Christ was glorious all without: Riches immense was poured in upon her, And as she encreas'd in Wealth, sheadvanc'd in Honour. Which lur'd within her Pale the Pagan Nations, Before they scarce had smelt the Alterations. This Change was wrought by Authority Apostolick, But ours seem'd liker a prophane Lay-Frolick: These Fathers shew'd true Christian Moderation, And came with Pagans to Accommodation. Our junior Church, like Children void of Senfe, (Which gave their nat'ral Mother great Offence) Not only eloped, but, as design'd t' offend her, Lac'd their New Litany with fulsome Slander. * A Fire-new Service Cranmer had prepar'd, From all Remains of antient Worship clear'd, Much like the flovenly Geneva Plan, To make this Church, with Foreign ones, Cat-in-Pan. But by the Stripling Faith-Defender's Death, That vile, unhallow'd Project, fell to th' Earth;

Whofe

^{*} From the abominable Tyranny, Superstition, and Idolatry of the Bishop of Rome, good Lord deliver us. —— See King Edward's Liturgy.

Whose Death, judicious Heylen hath assur'n, The Church of England hath no Cause to mourn.

Full twenty Years the Church was Wildernes'd, Which num'rous Domes and Palaces had posses'd, When her most * darling Daughter mounts the Throne, Who all these hair-brain'd Changes did disown.

In Church-like way she calls a Convocation
Of those same Priests who embrac'd the Reformation;
Two on them only oppos'd, return to Rome,
The One was † burnt, the other slunk from home.
The pious Queen her Church-headship surrender'd

To th' Roman See, from whence 'twas lately plunder'd;

A || Legate's fent with Power Apostolick,

To heal the Breach of this Religious Frolick.

The Apostate Parliament their Sin confess,

And humbly for the Absolving Grace Address;

From all their Sin, the Cardinal unloos'd 'em,

Embrac'd them kindly in the Church's Bosom:

Th' obsequious Priests (which made the Laity Grin,)

Were now all o'er the Land Forgiving Sin,

As buisy as any Hen with one Chicken.

Churches by Herefy profain'd; and Altars
Were cleans'd, and fanctify'd with Holy waters,
And the Turncoat Coxcombs were afresh bespatter'd.

Severity's wholesome, some the Church then us'd, On those who due Conformity resus'd:
But Great Ones sew, who'd got in their Lay-hands
The Bulk of all the Church's Abbey-Lands,
As yet had selt her Hand; these temporiz'd,
Their Lands and Carcass being the God they priz'd:
And yet too potent for her seeble Hand,
T' a deep Design for present put a stand;
On

^{*} Queen Mary.

On which the Church and Queen was fully bent, As what alone could foundly cure the Rent:

The Act for burning Hereticks still in Force,
The Church being Judge of Heresy, in Course;
All such they'd judg'd, who'd prey'd on Abbey-Lands,
Which must brought all again into her Hands:
But Darling Philip's Dislike, and Voyage to Spain,
Broke the Queen's Heart, and spoilt that pious Design.

And now, behold, the genuine Spouse of Christ, Once more into the horrid Desart hoist; She justly since, might every Age complain, Alas! alas! no Sorrow's like to mine!

A Princess mounts the Throne, who did inherit; As well's the Crown, her Father's haughty Spirit: By trusty, secret ¶ Hand, to ROME she sent, To sound that politick Court, what there was meant: Mean while, Religion lay at Six and Seven, And none knew well which Course to steer for Heaven. That starch'd-up Court having long e'er then decreed King Henry's first espoused his lawful Bride: Both her Divorce, and Bullen's, much unjust, She needs must be the Fruit of lawless Lust.

Infallthilate did ne'er so blunder

Infallibility did ne'er so blunder In that nice Juncture; 'twas the World's Wonder, Such nice Punctilio's not to swallow down, But lose the brightest Jemm in Tripple Crown;

For's foon's by fecret Errander she found The Pope disown'd her Title to the Crown,

To

di

3

[†] Queen Elizabeth.

See Sir Francis Osborn's Memoirs on Queen

To own him Head, she deem'd a mortal Sin, And plumly with the Gospellers fell in. And now, alas! the Head of Union's loft, The Church is on a fresh Delamma tost: This politick Queen had got Two Strings to her Bow, The Vulgar's Gospel, all the World doth know; But that which strengthen d'most her haughty Hand, The Quality's Gospel was, their Abbey-Lund: Both Lords and Commons her Spiritual Headship own, A Female POPE, more absolute than JOAN. And first, her Holiness did a Conslave call, Not one in facred Order mongst them all: A Commission's fram'd, and set upon the Wheel, With Jehu's Speed, and with his pious Zeal, Back'd by Lay Visitors, sent forth off Hand, To purge again, Old Worship off the Land; Churches and Altars ranfack'd, like her Brother, From one End of the Kingdom, to the other: The sacred Pillage, like a good Church-Nurse, She providently hoarded in her Purfe. How might the Church then took up her Complaint, Alas! the Head is fick, the Heart is faint! The Head of Union's broke, she's all in Totters, Her quondam Friends against her turn'd Promoters! A Hiearchy's patch'd up, on fuch Foundation, Were Peter living, 't had inflam'd his Passion. And where the Primative Foundation's wrong,

The Superstructure can't be very strong:
Our Spiritual Architects, alas! were stand,
For want of one Divine, Prolifick Hand.
Archbishops always had their Pall from Rome,
By Eight Suffragans, consecrate at Home;

T

V

h

[n]

But the Pope's Supremacy being then suppress, And all's Authority lodg'd in a Female Breast, She gave to (a) Parker, once her Spiritual Sire, Her Letters Patents, 'n lieu of Conge d'Elire, (b) To help the Church from Frying-pan into Fire; Who exercis'd forthwith the Pastoral Function, With all the Patentees, without the Unction,

Al-

- (a) Parker was the Queen's Instructor, in Matters of Religion, when young, being Chaplain to Queen Ann-a-Bullen, her Mother. Hist. Refor. Abrid. P. 341.
- (b) He tells you farther, he was chosen by the Writ of Conge d'Elire, by the Dean and Chapter of Canterbury, in September. With him agrees Echard. Heylen tells you, the Writ of Conge d'Elire bore Date the 18th of July, and he was elected the 1st of August. Which is true, as to the Time; but neither of them, as to the Writ of Conge d'Elire; that being abrogated the 34th of Hen. VIII. and he impower'd to make Bishops by his Letters Patents. Hist. Refor. Abrid. P. 113. which Act was renewed the First of Edward VI. declaring therein, that
- "The Writ of Conge d'Elire serves for no Purpose, but is deragatory to the Prerogative Royal, therefore shall not be granted." Which Act being repealed by Queen Mary, was renewed the First of Elizabeth, impowering her and her Successors, by her Letters Patents, to substitute certain Persons to execute the Episcopal Authority. Camd. Hist. Eliz. P. 18. Therefore must be made a Bishop by her Letters Patent, and not chose by the Writ of Conge d'Elire, as they have it from the Lambeth Register; which, by the way, is no weak Argument of its Forgery. But of that anon.

(c) Almost six Months; but made the Novel Fashion, The People held them not in Veneration.

The Popish Bishops, (d) Prisoners close confin'd, Were now (e) much unrestrain'd, us'd wondrous kind:

All Engines was employ'd, with Might and Main, A Consecration from their Hands t' obtain,

But they refus'd it (f) with the high'st Disdain.

Whilst

filled with new ones: But Canterbury being void, by the Death of Cardinal Pool, Parker was immediately pitch'd on for that See by Cacil and Bacon, even before the Queen's Coronation, which was January 13th; but he refused that Charge, until threatned with Imprisonment, chusing rather to live on a Benefice of Twenty Nobles by the Year. Burnet. Hist. Abrid. At last 'twas forced on him, rather than willingly accepted by him; and the pretended Consecration was not until the 17th of December.

- (d) In the Month of July, 14 of the old Bishops was deprived and imprisoned, for refusing the Oath of Supremacy. Stow's Chron. P. 639.
- (e) Tonstal continued unresolved, as to the taking the Oath to the Queen, until September, and resusing, was confined a Prisoner with all the rest; but soon after, set all at Liberty, and dealt courteously withal, except Bonner, White, and Wat-son. Burnet. Hist. Abrid.
- (f) A Warrant was issued forth by the Queen to Tonstal, Bourn, and Pool of Peterborough, the Cardinal's Brother, (being Catholick Bishops) with divers others, for Parker's Confecration in September; but they all refused it. Burnet. Hist. Refor. P. 363.

1,

d: 25 ift

as

th

at

n, til

e-

At

by of

1-

y.

h

a

y,

t-

l,

Whilst thus perplex'd, they thought on (g) Dr. Creagh, The Reverend Old Archbishop of Armagh, Who many Years in Tower had been confin'd, For Faults ne no where now on Record find; And furnish'd with a Glass of holy Oil, Purchase of German's Charity in Exile, With which, at Frankfort, Horn did's Hands defile. Perhaps, a Part of that prolifick Store, Sent from the Pope to * Mentz, but just before, Which Eighty Pounds, in Weight, return'd of Gold, And (Retail) at excessive Price was fold: With Order from the Queen, to Tower they hies, Twelve Patent Bishops his old Grace surprize; They take him, with th' Lieutenant's Son, to Tavern, With richest Wine they're treated by these Brethren; A Purse of Gold presents him from the Queen, What (quoth his Grace) must this high Favour mean?

The

Mr. Mason † takes Notice of this Story at large, out of Saunders, and faith nothing against the Truth of it; but owns, "There was a certain Irish Archbishop, whom they had in " Bonds and Imprisonment in the Tower of London, whom they "very earnestly dealt withal, promising him Liberty and great Reward, if he would be Chief in this Confecration; but

he, good Man, forfooth, would by no Means lay holy Hands on Hereticks. Majon's Conferat. of Bish P. 124.

* Pagit's Christiano Graphæ. † A Proteitant:

⁽g) Dr. Champney faith, When the Confecration of these Bishops was in Question, there was in the Tower, Dr. Richard Chreagh, an old Irish Archbishop, to whom they offered great Rewards and Liberty, if he would have confecrated these Bishops; but he refused. He died in the Tower a Prisoner. Champney Vocat. of Bish. P. 198.

in a

Rel

To

WI

Fro

Our

On

Un Wh

W

W.
Th

The Queen, my Lord, quoth Parker, greets you well, Hath laid Command on me, your Grace to tell, One Favour grant her, and she'll set you free. Pray, what's her Grace's Royal Will? quoth he. My Lord, quoth they, with genial Hand anoint us, And what's your Boon for the Sacred Grace, acquaint us. With this, the Rev'rend Father paus'd a while; At length, quoth he, My Brethren, where's your Oil? Quoth Bentham, Brother Horn, 'tis in your Pocket. He starts from Table, fumbling for't, and broke it; Which foon got wholfome Air at Knees of's Breeches, Cox, down from Shelf, caught one o'th' Wooden Dishes; Preserv'd enough one Bishop to anoint, And wrung out more, when he'd untrus'd his Point: Whatthey had fav'd, they brought in Wooden Charger, Quoth they, My Lord, we would the Store were larger; But here's enough to serve for four or five. He stood amaz'd, could not this Matter dive! Not knowing whether 't dropt from Peter's Finger, Or from the Reverend Patentee his -Thought they had trick'd him, flung away in Rage, And never could be tempted more from's Cage. The Patent Bishops meeting this Disaster, Resolv'd on one Expedient more, to plaister And heal this Breach in Horn's unlucky Breeches, Which lost Succession, broke our Church to pieces. They call'd to Thought, the Bishop of Landaff, Whose Gods were, Gold to hoard, and Wine to quaff: He swore, at first, the Pope Supream; then Harry Abjur'd the Pope to Ned; then quite contrary;

Swore to the Pope again in Days of Mary:

In all Viciffitudes was still the same,

Resolv'd Landaff should always be his Name:

This perjur'd Turn Coat they resolve t' accost,

To help them, this dead Lift, to the Holy Ghoft.

At's Lodgings in Cheapside, they his Lordship sound; Whom thus they address, with Reverence prosound: From the Great'st of Queens we're come, to make our Court, Our gasping, dying Succession, to support; On your diffusive Charity we presume, Unlike the too censorious Spirit of Rome, Who've learnt all Things to all Men do become:

What Joys sublime must in that Breast be felt, Who's made the Rock on which Christ's Church is built?

Will but your Lordship please to grant this Favour,

This Gold is yours, and her Grace's Heart for ever.

Quoth he, My Joy's, you make a good Profession, I'm glad to find you hearty in Succession; Since in that Fundamental we agree, The rest are Picadillio's unto me:

If Nature's prompt to propogate its Kind,

Shall Grace restrain Fecundity Divine?

But Hereticks to anoint, might scandalous seem, If publick done (a Mote with some's a Beam).

My Lord, quoth Horn, your Prudence we esteem.

There's o'er the Way the antient (h) Nag's-head Tavern, Where't may be done, as private's in a Cavern.

When

⁽h) Dr. Champney gives this Account of the Nag's-head Confecration: "By accorded Appointment, these nominated for Bishopricks, met at the Nag's-head Tavern in Cheapside (a fit Place for such a Sacrament) whither came the Old Bishop

(16]

When the great Redeemer of the World was born. His facred Person did the Stable adorn;

And

"

"

01

a

"

"

"

.

" shop of Landaff, to make them Bishops; which being dis-" covered to Dr. Bonner, Bishop of London, then Prisoner in " the Marshalsea, he sent Dr. Neal, a Man of good Sort and "Reputation, sometime Reader of the Hebrew Lecture in Ox-" ford, and at that Time Chaplain to Dr. Bonner, Bp. of London, threatning him with Excommunication, if he exercised any " fuch Power as to confecrate these Men within his Diocess; " wherewith the old Bishop being somewhat terrified, and, pethaps, something touched in Conscience at the Consecration of Hereticks, on more serious Consideration, at first " fcrupled, moving for a Suspension, alledging chiefly, his " want of Sight; which they interpreted to be only an Eva-" sion, and on farther pressing, he at last absolutely refused " to proceed: On which they were moved against him, and " whereas before they had used him with all Courtesy and "Respect, they now reviled him, calling him old, doating " Fool, and the like, some of them faying, This Old Fool "thinks we cannot be Bishops, unless we are Greas'd; to the Disgrace " of him, as well as of the Catholick Manner of Consecration. Being notwithstanding thus disappointed, and having no other " Means to obtain their End, they resolved to make Use of " Master Scory's Help, who had borrowed the Name of Bi-" shop, in King Edward's Reign, and was thought to have " fufficient Power to perform that Office, especially in that " straight Necessity: He having cast off, together with his " Religious Habit, all Sense of Conscience, willingly went " about the Matter."

"Having the Bible in his Hand, Dr. Parker kneeled down, and he laid it on his Shoulder, saying, Take thou Authority to preach the Word of God sincerely. And so he rose up Bishop." The like of the rest.

" This

And in a Tavern first, the Great Behest Made Bread and Wine the Holy Eucharist:

There

"This whole Relation, saith Dr. Champney, without ad-" ding or detracting, I had from Mr. Bluet, a grave and ju-" dicious Gentleman in Wisbeach-Castle, more than once; "who received it from Dr. Neal, who being fent by Bonner " as aforefaid, was order'd to wait the Issue." Champ. Vocat.

of Bish. P. 194, 195.

d

<u>-</u>

n

d

2,

y

3

1,

-

t

S

di

d

đ

g

e

t

The Author of a Book called, The Discussion, P. 135. writing against Jewel, Bishop of Salisbury, saith of him, as being a Bishop, "We have no Manner of Certainty that he is a Bi-" shop, but rather the contrary; and makes this Challenge: " I pray, who made him a Bishop? Who gave him Institu-"tion? Who imposed Hands on him? What Orders had

they? What Bishops were they?"

" It is true, both he, Parker, Sandys, Story, Horn and others," " in the Beginning of Queen Elizabeth's Reign, met at the " Horse-head in Cheapside; and being disappointed of the Ca-"tholick Bishop of Landass, who should there have consecrated them, they dealt with Scory to do it; who kneeling "down Priests, with the Bible on their Heads, rose up Bi-" fhops."

Champney tells us, " That John Stow, tho' a Protestant. " hath often testified this Story of the Nag's-head, tho he

" durst not publish it. Vocat. of Bish. P. 196.

And 'tis not unlikely, that because he could not be bold to publish the Truth, he omits mentioning any thing of the Consecration either of Parker, or any of Queen Elizabeth's first Bishops; which we cannot rationally suppose he forgot, fince he gives a particular Account of the Confectation of Cardinal Pool, Parker's immediate Predecessor; and the rather, because he was the first Bishop consecrated the New Way: Obvious to all who read Stow.

There shed on all our Heads the Grace Divine, With genial Hand; and there, my Lord, we'll dine. He gravely reply d, Your Will, my Brethren,'s mine. Which gave their thoughtful Hearts a chearful Heave, And each of's Lordship gently took their Leave. And now, the void Succession plum to fill, They thought themselves as safe as Thieves in Mill; But the Bishops made Bell, Book, and Candle on her, Heard all, flirts off, and told it Bishop Bonner; Which Thing design'd within his Jurisdiction, He thought to lay him under Interdiction; But first he sent his Chaplain, Dr. Neal, To ring in Landaff's Ears a rounding Peal, And lay before him Excommunication, If he proceeded on this Confectation. - Next Morn they met, about the Hour of Nine, Each taking harmless Whet of Fav'rite Wine: The Bishop's call'd for, to adjacent Room, Where Neal forewarn'd him of impending Doom: The amphibuous Bishop, almost Planet-struck, To lose his Dinner, and his facred Truck. With baleful Looks, returns to impatient Guest, (Disasterous Doubts having fill d each thoughtful Breast) By Neal's unlucky, adapted Conversation, Was partly touch'd at Hereticks Consecration, But chiefly/dreading Bonner's Commination: When mov'd to Duty, after t'other Glass, They quickly found his Lordship hung in A-Quoth he, mine Eyes are dim; they ne'er was bright. Quoth they, take t'other Glass, 'twill clear your Sight. So done, quoth he, I now can't fee at all: In thort, his Lordship turn'd his Tongue to's Tail.

E

B

V

И

T

Tho' tempt with Gold, and ply'd with many a Brimmed, We lost our Church, 'nd the Bishop lost his Dinner.

What nice-fram'd Ligaments our Church hath got, Break but one Fibre, and, alas! she's not!
Odear Britannick Mother! hard's thy Fate!
Great Alexander, he was choak'd with a Gnat,
But thou was thrussed in Birth, by a Jade's Chit-chat.

The elected Bishop, cast in Consternation, Thus blindly missing, gap'd for Consecration: At length, recoviring some disorder'd Sense, Resolv'd their Church, de Novo, must commence.

Quoth Parker, with his grave, puritanick Mien, Wer't not to agorandize us with the Queen, And vulgar Throng, of Sense by Priests depriv'd, Who own no Prelacy but what's deriv'd By Sacred Unction, from the Roman See, I Confecration (bould not value a Flea; We all being Priests by Sacred Ordination, Are furnish'd with each Past'ral Qualification; 'Twas Priest-craft palm'd on's a New Consecration. No Practise like it in th' Apostles Days, When Christ's Religion shone in brightest Rays; Tou, Brother Scory, had a Bishop's Name, That and the Thing is just alike the same, By Providence Divine, in Edward's Reign, By Papists only held in wry Disdain: You make me first, (being Arch) I'll help make they, The Thing is only for a meer So-say; I abbor the superstitious Use of Oil, Took from the Pagan Custom of Wasfail: My Beard shall not be drench'd with Popish Quitter, Altho' the Queen's in ne'er so great a Twitter;

We must be Bishops, or she'll lose her Crown, The Old Ones [her] Supream will never own: Our Time is short, our Work requireth Haste, And sewest Words' mongst Friends, we know, are best.

As when the King Knights valiant Chevalier,
He on his Knees, with Sword cross'd o'er each Ear,
At Swereign's Command, Rise up, Sir John,
The Chevalier starts up another Man:
Fust so the Spiritual Sword laid on each Head,
With Charge, its sacred Pages oft to read,

And feed Christ's Flock ; there's nothing more we need.

Thus spake our Rev'rend Primative Arch-Father,
Thus Scory did, and thus they dubb'd each other;
Kneels down just while a Cat may lick her Ear,
Starts up, and doughty Bishops all appear.
So having cheer'd their Bowels, and nabb'd each Friend,
They stock'd the Church with Colts, from End to End.

Thus, with undaunted Freedom, Papists write, And our hot-mettl'd Churchmen they deny's; Avouching (i) Parker't Lambeth consecrate, By Four stanch Bishops, full as good as Eight:

And

Collier tells you, the four Confectators were Scory, Barlow, Coverdale and Hodskins. Eccles. Hist. p. 460.

⁽i) Dr. Burnet tells you, on the Catholick Bishops resufing to consecrate Parker, pursuant to her Warrant issued out for that Purpose, as in the Notes behind, p. 12. she issued forth a second Warrant to Kichin, Barlow, Scory, Coverdale, Bale of Ossery, and two Sustragans; four of which consecrated him, December the 17th, not mentioning which Four did it. Hist. Ref. Abrid. p. 363. With him agrees Echard, and other Historians,

And without Fraud or Covin, they can't but trow,

Uar Church must be a Pig of their Old Sow.

But, alas! not One of these presumptive Four, Were truly endowed with the Past'ral Power, Being Bishops made in Edward's early Reign, Old Consecration then in highest Disdain; And were they consecrate when New took Place, Of which, in History, we have got no Trace; Yet some, by Sym'ny, with vile Depradations, Had wholly null'd their sacred Ordinations: And, tho' the Pastoral Power flows from Choice, They all, without that Right; the Church's Voice, Were made by (k) Patent from the Stripling's Crown. (So might they consecrate an Old Baboon.)

(1) Beside all this, the skipping o'er the Unition

Must needs be fatal to the facred Function,

For's

(1) The Form of Consecration of Bishops left out the Unction, and was only this: Take the Holy Ghost, and remember that thou stir up the Grace of God in thee, now given by the Imposition of Hands; for God hath not given us the Spirit of Fear, but

of Love and Soberness.

⁽k) The Letters Patents made in the First Year of King Edward VI. the Tenure of them was in these Words: "The "King to N. B. greeting. Whereas all, and all Manner of "Ecclesiastical as well as Civil Jurisdiction, slows from the "Crown, as from the supream Head of all the Body: We "therefore give and grant unto thee, sull Power and Authority and License, to continue, during our good Pleasure, for holding Ordination within this Diocess of N. and for promoting sit Persons unto holy Orders, even to that of Priesthood." Hylen. Ch. Hist. p. 51, 52. And Burnet, p. 193.

Wi

An

Ex

W

W

V

For's Turks convey Small-Pox by Inoculation, From Days of Yore, to prefent Generation, Amongst us Christians now become a Fashion; So, by th' facred Quitter, from Hand to Head, From Age to Age, th' holy Infection's shed: Which only Thing Succession hath fecur'd, Thro' all the Schisms the Church hath e'er endur'd. On this, at best, no mortal Wight doth know, Whether we have got a Church, or Tea or No. But granting Bishops stanch anointed Parker, Pry into't farther, and it still looks darker; Schifm, and Symony, by all is own'd, To give Succession an essential Wound. And all a Schism own 'twixt us and Rome, They charge us with it, we the Charge return: We say, they impose Terms sinful for Communion, Just Cause, unquestion'd, for our Breach of Union. And thinking here, they have us fast by th' Nose, Quoth they, What sinful Terms do we impose? We bow to Jesus Image, you to's Name; To worship Sounds, or Objects, is the same: We bow to th' Altar, a Sacrifice upon't, · You do the same, believing nothing on't: With flaming Tapors we these Altars adorn, 'True Emblem of that Light to Men forlorn, · That in this dark and groping World are born:

By your unlighted ones, what can be meant,
But th' Darkness of that Light to the World sent,

And th' darker Brains that did the Thing invent?

At our Baptismal Laver, 'tis most true,

More Ceremonials there we use, than you;

Beside the Cross, ten times; Gream, Salt and Spittle,

'Symbolick as the Cross; not quite so little.'

By Cream, God's Grace receiv'd, we understand;
With Salt be season'd, is our Lord's Command:
And th' unclean Fiend to drive from 'n Infant's Breast,
(With which, all unbaptized, are possess'd,)
Exorcism none, like Spittle of a Priest.'

You make but one Signation with the Cross, Engaging Sign to all Commands in gross; We sign Ten times, by which we understand, We Grace receive, for keeping each Command.

Pictures and Images of worthy Saints,
With famous holy Hift'ry Prints and Paints,
We use as Books, for dull Imagination,
To raise our Souls t'a more sublime Devotion:
Gainst which, you Hereticks constantly complain,
Yet in your mimick Mass books have the same:
Which to Devotion tacks your stupid Sinners,
As Gilt Spread-Eagles Children to their Primmers:
And others some devoutly may incline,
As a George on Horse-back, hung up in a Sign:
(Thus what we use with Rev'rence, you profane.)

And th' Blessed Trinity expose to View.

'You're not that num-skull'd Church, who think they're (cramp'd,

To a Worship plain, by God Almighty stamp'd;
But one who claim a Power for Order's sake,
In Ceremonials decent Choice to make;
And, to impose them, a just Freedom take.
Of this Kind more, 'tis own'd, we have than you,
But if that Power both Churches claim, be true,
And by Authority may to Ten give Umber,
She likewise may to Ten times Ten the Number:
And

And if fuch Things become God's Worship well,

'The more are us'd, the more becoming still.'

'And must our Church be still the Ten-born'd Beast?

'Yours is her Ape, or Image, at the least.'

' Doth our's pretend t' Authority over Faith?

'Your (m) Twentieth Article the same Thing say'th;}

'To all your Thirty-nine you plight your Troth:

'Your (n) Nineteenth's old Def'nition of a Church,

By all High Churchmen's wholly left i'th' Lurch:

'Your Seventeenth, with Calvin's Predestination,

And Athanasius, with his wild Damnation:

'Your (o) ist, your 2d, your 3d, your 5th, your 8th,

And your 13th, all for found Proof away'th:

· Yet

67

6]

W

T

W

T

D

T

B

0

T

Y

If

A

F

B

(m) The Church hath Power to decree Rights and Ceremo-

nies, and Authority in Matters of Faith.

(n) The visible Church of Christ is the Congregation of faithful People, where the Word of God is truly preached, and the Sacraments duly administred, according to Christ's Ordinance, in all Things which are of Necessity thereunto requisite.

(o) The first of the Trinity; the second of the Word, or Son; the third of his Descent into Hell; the fifth of the Holy Ghost; the eighth of the three Creeds; to be proved by certain Warrant of Scripture; are disbelieved by many

Members of the Church of England.

The ninth of Original Sin; the tenth of Free Will; the

seventeenth of Predestination.

And the nineteenth abovesaid, not taking Bishops, Priests and Deacons, into the Desinition of the Church; with the thirteenth of Good Works, done before Justification, that they are not pleasant to God, Oc. are disbelieved by most Clergymen of the Church of England; but subscribed as Orthodox by all.

'Yet all must b' yours, without Equivocation, 'And believ't as we do Transubstantiation: 'Upon the whole, we've this to fay in Store, 'If Ahab serv'd Ball a little, shan't Jehu more?' Thus justly might the Church of Rome retort, What Pow'r on Earth can shew's a Remedy for't? Beside all this, they challenge us t'th' Nose, To prove one finful Term that they impose; Which, when with Schism we charge our own Diffenters, That, that's the Point on which the Cause we venture. And here we've Cause for grievous Lamentation, We've justly incurr'd St. Paul's Recrimination: Thou who dost thievish Motions teach t' withstand, Dost thou presume to break the Eighth Command? Thou, who pretendest Idols to abhor, Dost thou, thro' Sacriliege, rob the Church's Store? Thou, who dojt make thy Boast of sacred Code, Break'st thou its Laws? dishonourest thou thy God? O Zion! Zion! thy Dilapidation! On which a Church is built, without Foundation! That Rome's Church something errs, needs no Confession, Yet there was found the visible Succession; And tho' she errs, alas! what Church is free? If theirs doth, ours doth too, tho'n less Degree, As by th' aforesaid Charge we plainly see. But th' Quest is, where their num'rous Impositions Could justify our boist'rous Separation? And consequent, that flagrant Schism make,

et

0-

of

d,

P's

to

or

ne

ed

ny

he

Its

he

at

11-

E

For which, Rome's Church, or ours, must stand at Stake?

If on our Side it rests, the Arg'ment's o'er,

Bishops we've none, our Church is out of Door:

It

W

A

A

T

T

L

TB

R

T

b

PE

If on the Romish Side the Schism rest, The Essence of their Past'ral Pow'r being lost, Our Rump of Bishops being ordain'd by they, Who, a Pow'r they'd not, could not to us convey; For all their Orders, and their Consecration, They were but Lay-men, in a Spiritual Station. Behold! behold! the Priesthood of our Church, Alas! alas! how is she left i'th' Lurch! We'd better took to Luther, or Calvin's Plan, Tho' neither on them fit for a genteel Man: Thro' Ignorance we wot those Foreign Nations, Refus'd for a Church th' effential Qual'fication; And Mercy'll find, as by the facred Story, Those did, who crucify'd the Lord of Glory. But for us, whom Heav'n with Wildom hath endow'd Above the rest of the Reforming Crowd, The Christian Priesthood's Property to know, Its Force and Nature in the Church below, Strikes Horror, the Beheft thus to forego. An Ordinance Validity none pretending, On th' Holiness of the Priest to be depending; Both Rome and us allowing a drunken Priest, Can make one, born in Sin, a Memb'r of Christ: Or, when Salvation lieth at Six and Seven, Strike Scores with God, and fend the Soul to Heaven, More fafe and found than Noah, Daniel, Job, Or all Lay Saints who've fince dwelt on the Globe, Had it been this our Church's happy Fate, One Bishop to have had, at any Rate, Tho' fuch a Liquid one, they'd not long fince In Ireland got who (not to give Offence) Would Bishops make for a Pint of Ale a Head,

From early Morn, 'till Time to go to Bed;

It in some Measure might have skinn'd this Wound; And she'd still been a Member somewhat sound.

But now our Kings in Peter's Chair are seated,
And to the Crown the Mitre's thus united;
When a vacant Bishoprick's gaping to be fill'd,
A Chapter for the Sham Election held;
And, with their Dean, address'd their God in Pray'r,
That he with Wisdom would their Souls inspire,
To chuse a Pastor, one whose Heart's enlarg'd,
To feed the Flock of Christ, bequeath'd to's Charge:
Lo! Hobson's Choice; for tho' tis Conge d'Elire,
The King's Choice must be theirs, or a Premunire:
But tho' our Queen's young Church was crude and raw
And sate not easy 'n Pope's or Puritan's Maw,
Resolv'd she'd make it a true Church by Law.

When (p) Bonner, Canonist of no less Fame Than his Severity'd lest a Stain on's Name,

E 2

By

⁽p) All Historians agree, that in the 6th Year of Queen Elizabeth's Reign, by a Statute made the last Parliament, impowering the Bishops to tender the Oath of Supremacy to all suspected Persons within their Diocess, Bonner being then a Prisoner in the Marshalsea, which being in Southwark, brought him within the Diocess of Winchester, was by Bishop Horn's Chancellor summoned, and tendered the Oath of Supremacy; which he resusing to take, was indicted at the King's-Bench Bar, on the Statute.

Bonner pleaded, 'That Horn was no Bishop at that Time, and therefore not impowered by the Statute to tender him the Oath.' On which, the Matter dropt for that Time, and all the Judges having debated the Assair at Serjeant's-Ina, they thought it not sit to be put to an Issue; but deferr'd the Decision of it to the next Sessions of Parliament. Upon

By Bishop Horn was summon'd, and refus'd To take the Oath to th' Queen, by Law impos'd;

On

To

1

pro

Poe

M

Co

or

a (

AI

the

lie

qu

pa

O

Re

ad

pr

n

Upon which found Advice (as Heylen calls it) foon after, which was in September 1565, the Parliament met, and pass'd the following Act, which you have in Collier's Ch. Hist. p. 510.

2d. Vol. which, with Part of the Preamble, is thus: . And farther, for the avoiding of all Ambiguity and Doubt that may arise, and Questions that may be objected. against the lawful Confirmation, Investing, and Confecration of the said Archbishops and Bishops: Her Majesty, by her Letters Patents under the Great Seal of England, directed to any Archbishop, or other, for confirming, investing, and " Confecration of the said Archbishops or Bishops, hath not only used such Words and Sentences as were accustomed to be used by the said King Henry, her Majesty's Father, and 'King Edward, her late Brother, to their like Letters Patents; but hath also used and put into her Letters Patents, divers other general Words and Sentences, whereby her Highness. by her supream Authority and Power, hath dispensed with all Causes or Doubts that may arise, of any Imperfection or Disability that can, or may be objected against the same, as by her faid Majesty's faid Letters Patents, remaining recorded, " more plainly will appear, Oc."

Be it therefore enacted, &c. That all Persons that have been or shall be Ordained or Consecrated Archbishops,

Bishops, Priests, Ministers, or Deacons, after the Form prefcribed in the said Book, Oc. be in very Deed. And also by

Authority hereof, declared and enacted to be, and in very Deed are, and shall be Archbishops, Bishops, Priests, Ministers

and Deacons, rightly made consecrate and ordained; any Statute,

Law, Canon or any thing to the contrary notwithstand-

By is tast Att, saith Heylen, the Church is strongly settled on Her natural Basis. See Heylen's Ch. Hist. P.345, 346. Fuller and Collier.

On which, being forc'd t' appear at her Bench-Bar, To Horn's Authority he makes Demur;

Proves

Having quoted Authorities making no distinction between Protestants and Papists, veracity in this part of my Historical Poem; which looks above Rights and Ceremonies, Garbs and Modes of Worship, things in their own Nature indisferent until Commanded by Authority: not whether we are of this, that, or the other Party in our Church Militant: But whether we are a CHURCH or no; that is in short whether we are CHRISTI-ANS; and consequently in Covenant with God, by Baptism from the Hands of a Priest episcopally ordained. Which if we believe, as we speak and write, is our firm Faith: and consequently of the greatest Moment in this World.

I shall contract this weighty Matter into as narrow a compass as I can from the fore quoted Authorities; make some Observations, give my Thoughs impartially, and leave the

Reader to judge.

d

·

d

1

t

1

To what hath been quoted already in the Margin I shall add, the Author of the Nullity of the prelatick Clergy of England, printed Anno, 1659. saith; It is now a Hundred Years since the Transaction at the Nag's-Head; was constantly related and believed by Wise Men as an undoubted Truth, ever since that time until the Year 1613, when their new Register, unknown to the World before, was published by Mr. Mason: not only Dr. Neal, but other Catholicks, of most entire Credit, being Eye-witnesses of Scory's ridiculous Confecration of Parker, thro' a hole in the Door, P. 75, and 76. The Bishop of Salisbury, in his Hist. Ref. abr.p. 364. saith, This Story of the Nag's-Head was first publickly vented, 40 Years after it was transacted, as all the Consecration those Bishops ever had.

But as the Authors abovementioned tells you, tho' it was not printed and publickly vented (the Papifts being all that

Reign

Proves him no Bishop by Ecclesiastick Law. And his Authority not worth a Straw.

Chief Fro

con

cou

por

de

mi

in

m

Ca

ti

W

tr

n

C

2

Reign under a Cloud,) 'twas constantly related and generally believed by wife Men as an undoubted Truth, ever fince it of K was acted, which was in the Year 1559, until Mason's Reder gifter was published, Anno 1613, which was 54 Years after it of a

Now as it is a Marvel (setting by the common Reports from the Original) that any Person of Ingenuity and Learning, should have the Impudence to vent a Story of that Moment, (as it is deemed in this Age to be,) which if not true, might only (tho' 40 Years after) so easily be confuted and convincingly the detected. 'Tis a greater Marvel it should not be contradicted until 54 Years after, were it not too true to admit of the a Contradiction. And why the Lambeth Register, if genuine, had not been published on the first printing the Story and publickly vending it, but lie dormant 14 Years after.

Dr. Brambal and Mr. Mason have taken a great deal of Pains to confute the Nag's-Head Story, and also to prove the Lambeth Confecration, which feems to be convincingly reply'd unto by the Author of the Nullity abovefaid, all which Pains they might have spared, if the thing were as clear as pretended to be, as well as to prove the Confectation of any

Bishop since.

Would it not be as ridiculous as impertinent, for any one in this Age to pretend to write a Book to prove Sheldon the first Archbishop of Canterbury after the Restoration, (almost as great a Change in Religion as the former) had no Consecration but in a Tavern? And would any Man of Learning and Sense, take the Pains to write a Book, to confute fuch a hair-brain'd Story.

And the' not only the first Reformers, but almost all the Bishops and inferior Clergy after, until about the middle

[31]

Chief Justice Cattaline, with the other Judges. nief From off the Bench t' a private Conference budges:

The

of King James's Reign, had no Notion of a Superiority, in ore- der of a Bishop to Presbyter, and consequently no Necessity it of a second Consecration, being ordained Priests; but only complied with it for Political Reasons, and upon that account might be thought to be regardless of those Re-

ports.

lly

11

m g,

t,

nt y

1-

of

d

f

C

1

3

Yet considering the Reason of complying with it being only Political, to Humour the Queen and the People, who thought none could be Bishops, who derived not their Orders from Rome, these Reports, must of course have spoiled. the very End of their complying with it; and confequently must be the more zealous in clearing the thing and quashing all these Reports, than Mason who was the first that made the Attempt, or any after him had need to be, when the Catholick Opinion began to prevail of Episcopacy, being essential to the Being of a Priesthood. Since if the Succession, was fecured, these Reports could not break it, nor the contrary mend it, if broak; so consequently do neither good nor harm; only afford the Papilt a Subject to Giggle on.

I say, all these things considered, and no Opposition made to this famous Story, all the time of the Persons immediately concerned, until 54 Years after the Transaction: is more then a strong Prefumption there was too much Truth in it to

pretend to confute.

Especially considering there was a Queen on the Throne, who by her Severity on the Puritan Libellers, of her Spiritual Constitution, would not be wanting, with her utmost Zeal, to endeavour the Detecting fo flagrant a Scandal on the Church, of her own making, she so much valued her self on all her Days.

[32]

The Conf'rence ended, took again to Bench, From off th' Argument, found they could not wrench;

Pro.

Pro

Inf

Tho

the

pr

te

pr

the

ne

ha

R

u

li

But to me the Question doth not seem so great nor the Matter so much, Church or Tavern, in a case of Necessity especially, as by whom the Thing was done, (and as not worth their while to sorge such a Story, so not worth our while to contradict it,) and in that which is the main Point, (the Person by whom done) no great Controversy doth arise.

Scory is the Confectator at the Nag's-Head by the Papifts Account; and Scory with three Colegues, (no better if so good) were the Confectators at Lambeth, by the Protestants Account. And as it is not the Place, so neither is it the Number, but the Qualification of the Confectator makes the Ordi-

nance valid.

To set this Matter in a clear Light, I think it not improper to give a short Account of the State of Assairs, in relation to the Church at that time, which you will find confirmed by the marginal Quotations behind; and may also serve to clear some things in this part of my Historical Poem,

which might otherwise seem Luxuriant.

At Queen Elizabeth's Accession to the Throne, there was but fifteen Catholick Bishops living, fourteen of which was deprived July 1559, according to Stow, and others. Burnet saith, Tonstal continued in until September, in Hopes he would have taken the Oath of Supremacy to the Queen; (which Indulgence may be justly presumed to be only for a Tool to make her a Sett of New Bishops;) but then refusing, was deprived as the rest before. Only Anthony Kichin of Landaff complied; a Man who changed and kept Pace with the Government in every Change of Church or State; and all Historians agree, he had symonically wasted and made miserable Depredations on his Bishoprick: So, that the the only Bishop

[33]

Proceedings dropt; and on this Matter of Fact, Instancoully the Parliament pass'd an Act,

That

shop who complied and embraced the Reformation, he was not

thought fit for one of Parker's four Consecrators.

the

pe-

rth

to

er-

ifts

od)

nt.

er,

li-

0-

a-

n-

fo

n,

as

as

et

d

-

0

S

Immediately on her Accession to the Throne, she sent a private Embassy to Rome. In the mean Time, tho' she entertained the Protestants with Hopes, no Persuasions could prevail on her to cast off the Papists; was crowned by Oglethorp, Bishop of Ely, according to the Roman Pontifical; and neither Protestants nor Papists could call her theirs, until she had Advice of the Pope's denying her Ambassador a favourable Reception, disowning her Title to the Crown, when she was under a Necessity of renouncing the Roman Mitre, and falling in with a Party who had testified their Zeal against the Pope's Authority, in the Flames of a hot Persecution in her Sister's Reign; so that she was rather thrown off from, than of herself forsook, Rome. See Osborn's Memoirs on Queen Elizabeth's Reign.

The Queen being crowned the 13th of January, the Parliament met the 25th following, reviving the Laws made in King Edward's Reign, concerning Religion, annexing the Supremacy again to the Crown, repealed in her Sister's Reign; And the Popish Bishops all refusing on Oath to own it, extept Landass, being deprived, (as before) their Sees were all silled with Protestants, those vacant on Queen Mary's Death, soon after Queen Elizabeth's Coronation, and others imme-

diately after those deprived in July following.

Almost all these Bishops being Exiles in Queen Mary's Reign, having suck d in Zuinglius, and the Generality of the Foreign Resormers Notions of a Parity in Order, and Necessity of Succession only in Faith and Verity; some of them very unwillingly accepted the Office, particularly Parker, (as before observed) a Coverdale, who had the Name of a Bishop in

L

Eda

That Bishops, and Archbishops' Consecration, With all th' inferior Clergy's Ordination,

Made

fe C K

P

Edward's Reign, absolutely refused to re-assume the Office;

and all difliked a Secondary Confecration.

But the Queen, and the far greater Part of the People then thinking, no Bishop, no Church; and, as yet, owning no Succession or Ordination but what was derived from the Catholick Church (fee Osborn, as above); and the Catholick Bishops all refusing, to a Man, but Landaff; and being disappointed of the Lish Archbishop in the Tower, (which Story is owned by Mr. Mason) as behind, and a very good Proof they could get no Body else of unquestioned Authority for that Office, the Queen's natural Inclination, as well as the Voice of the People, requiring it, they were forc'd to play a small Game, rather than fit out, and fymonically to tempt the Bishop of Landaff for a Confectation, and difasterously disappointed there too; being loath to go with a fleveless Story to the Queen, who impatiently waited the Event, they dealt with Scory, one of King Edward's Ecclesiastical High Sheriffs for the Diocess of Hereford (as Heylen calls them,) to do the Thing; hoping that by their private Management it might pass as done by Landaff. But the Thing took Air, and it coming to the Queens Ear, put her into an uncommon Twitter.

So say Popish Historians, whose Credit in this Matter will not by prudent and impartial Persons be despised, but whether true or no, is of no great Moment to the Case.

The Queen being under an absolute Necessity of State for having Bishops, and such truly Consecrate, she could have none, was forced to dispense with all the Invalidities of the Faculty and Qualification of those Persons, who must make for her an Archbishop.

Our modern Protestant Historians say, some of them, as Burnet and Echard, (I suppose from Fuller) that on the Queens sending

Made since the Queen's Accession to the Crown, Should, by that Act, be valid, legal, sound:

So,

fending the Conge d'Elire, Dr. Parker being chosen by the Chapter of Caterbury, a Warrant was directed to Coverdale, Kichin, Barlow, Scory, Bale of Osserie, and two Suffragans to Consecrate him, and accordingly by four of these he was Consecrated at Lambeth, December 17th, cunningly omitting the Nomination of the four, leaving it to the Reader to pick out the best of seven addled Eggs.

Collier following close the Lambeth Register saith, on his E-lection, he was Consecrated by Barlow, Scory, Coverdale, and

Hodskins, Ch. Hist. P. 460, 461.

de

e;

ole

no a-

Bi-

pis

ey

he,

e, of

re

of of

ot

at

2-

15

11

-

r

e

e

S

S

Mason from his Lambeth Register, saith, That the Dean and Chapter of Canterbury, having received the Writ of Conge d' Elire elected Master Doct. Parker for their Archbishop according to the Antient and Laudable Custom of that Church, in December; and was consecrated by the four Bishops aforesaid.

There are two notable Circumstances that wound the Credit of this Lambeth Register, which is all we have to shew for this Confecration.

First, The time of his Election, namely in December; whereas Heylen positively affirmeth, that the Warrant for his Election bore Date the 18th of July, and that he was elected Aug. the 1st, a few Days after the deprivation of the old Bishop, Heyl. Ch. Hist. P. 293.

Dr. Burnet saith, the Warrant issued forth for Parker's Consecration, to Tonstal, Bourn, Pool, &c. Was in September, who consequently must be elected before that time, (agreeable with Heylen, who saith he was elected the 1st of Aug.)

Hist. Reform. Abridg. P. 363.

But how to reconcile this Account of Dr. Burnet with what he taith, two or three Pages off That Tonstal only con-

So, in Succession being apparent Flaw, That Chasm's clos'd by this most wholsom Law.

And

vile

ec

1 6

14

fl

" c

bel

rei

K

P

th

th

fi

30

tinued in until September, all the rest of the Catholick Bishops being deprived in the Month of July: I am at a loss, unless we can bring our selves, to believe the Queen would Issue forth her Warrant to Bishops actually deprived, to perform the

highest Office belonging to their Order.

And Secondly, 'tis as evident, as to the Conge d'Elire, that there was no such thing Issued forth for the Election of Parker or any of Queen Elizabeth's first Bishops, as any thing possibly can be. The Writ of Conge d'Elire being abolished, as behind, P. 11. by Act of Parliament, and the King empowered to make Bishops by his Letters Patents, the Form of which you have behind, P. 21. which being repeal'd by Queen Mary, was renewed the beginning of Queen Elizabeths Reign, and and all her sirst Bishops made by those Letters Patents.

This very plainly appears by the Preamble to that Act made in the 6th Year of her Reign, for the Confirmation of all Confectations made in her Reign, on Bonner's Demurr to Horn's Authority as Bishop. See the said Act with its Preamble, P. 28. behind, which leaves no manner of room

to dispute in that Matter.

These two great Mistakes, especially the latter, being so evident to every Eye cast on that Statute (such material Mistakes not lightly found in Register) render it more than suspicious of an Imposture. And it is no Marvel that the Contrivers of it, 54 Years after the thing was Transacted, thro

Inadvertancy, be guilty of fuch an Overfight.

When Jewel and Horn, two of the first Bishops were challenged by Harding and Stapleton, and press'd earnestly and boldly for a Proof of their Vocation and Consecration; Horn makes no reply at all, and Jewel nothing to the purpose; not one Word of Parker's Consecration, nor who consecrated him, nor of the Lambeth Register.

Bez

Besides, Brooks in his Novel Cases, printed 1604, with Priviledge, gives the Opinion of the Judges in this Case in their

own Words.

d

S

S

e

ė

r

7

1

The Bishops in King I dward's Reign being not consecrated, were not Bishops; and therefore a Lease granted by them, and confirmed by the Dean and Chapter, shall not bind the Successor, for they were no Bishops; contrarywise a Lease granted by a Bishop deprived, who was a Bishop in Fact at the granting the Lease, shall bind the Successor. Folio 101.

But most remarkable is the Case of Bonner against Horn, as behind, p. 27, 28, &c. where not only the Judges on their Conference at Serjeants-Inn. But the Representatives of the whole Kingdom thought them no Bishops, and therefore pass'd that remarkable Act, which made them Legal Bishops, and our

Church true Church by Law.

Mason is under another great Mistake in relation to his Lambeth Register; he saith (to coroberate the Validity of Parker's Consecration) that Scory and Coverdale was consecrated the 1st of August, 1551. whereas the Parliament which authorized the new Form of Consecration, did not begin until sive Months after: The first of January sollowing, being the 5th and 6th of Edward VI. and the Popish Form was abrogated the beginning of the King's Reign, and consequently could have no Consecration at that Time; and there is no Account appears beside, that ever they were consecrated at all.

And no Marvel they were not, at least all those who were made Bishops before the New Form came forth, which were all Parker's pretended Consecrators, if not all those that was made in that King's Reign; which we may rationally conclude to be so by the Opinion of the Judges, as above, both in Bonner's Case, and Brooks Noval Cases, as to Leases granted by them. King Edward being a shrewd Prince, far above his Age in Knowledge, and, as Collier observes at the Conclusion of his Life, was an Erastian, as those generally were who were

at the Head of Affairs at that Time, it being the general O. pinion of the Reformers, that Laymen might be Bishops.

Barlow, one of Parker's 4 Confectators, being then Bishop of St. Davids, publickly declared, 'If the King's Grace, being Hoop Supream Head (under Christ) of the Church of England Prie

make any Layman Bishop by his own Choice, Election, and aris Denomination, he so chosen and denominated, without Con-that

fecration, is as good a Bishop as any Bishop in England. Non 'He was Presented for these Words by Roger Lewis, Batchel He: lor of Law, before the Reverend Father in God, the Lord Or

President of the Council in Wals, but no Notice taken

Coll. Ch. Hift. p. 135. Vol. 2.

By which it seems the only Reason for authorising the New too Form of Confectation, which was not until the 6th Year of and his Reign, was only Political, to humour the (as yet) major Pri part of the People, who had not shook off their Catholick Impressions.

Dr. Burnet tells you, The Grant of Ecclesiastical Preferments un-

to Laymen was no uncommon thing at that Time.

Cromwell was Dean of Wells; the Earl of Hartford was loaded with several Ecclesiastical Dignities, and a great many Noblemen and Gentlemens Sons had Prebendaries.

Ref. abr. p. 7. and 191. Vol. 2.

And it may be plainly gathered from the 23d Article of King Edward, That they thought only chusing and calling, without Episcopal Ordination, sufficient to qualify Ministers for the Lord's Vineyard: As Dr. Burnet observes, in his Exposition of the 39 Articles, where he farther tells you, on his Exposition of this Article, That not only these who penn'd the Articles, but the Body of this Church, for half an Age and above, after acknowledged the foreign Churches thus Consecrated, true Churches. See his Exposition of the 39 Articles, p. 259.

It is farther evident, that King Edward's Made-Bishops was not Bishops, at least in the Opinion of the Old Church of England, in that these of them that was burnt in Queen Mary's Days, was

degraded only of their Prieftly Orders.

Brooks

the

ha

0

sh

be

th

ai

CL

P.

a

(

I

p of Brooks, Bishop of Gloucester, when he came to degrade Ridly. eing Hooper and Farrer; told them, We are to degrade you only of your and Priestly Orders, for you are no Bishops; and that Reason could not and arile on their having nullified their Orders by Herefy, for Con that must have equally affected their Priestly Orders, but Non-Consecration; for Cranmer being duly consecrated, equally hel-Heretical, was degraded both of his Episcopal and Priestly ord Orders. Fox's Acts and Monuments.

Had there been the least Colour of their being Bishops, cen. they would doubtless have degraded them of those Orders ew too, when about it; no Church on Earth being more nicely of and conscientiously careful not to execute the Bishop or the

for Priest with the Criminal.

10

1 y

of

ut

9

m- Upon the whole, we may rationally conclude our Reformers had no Notion of Episcopal Succession, nor of more than Two 27- Orders in the Church, and that all Offices peculiar to Bishops now a-Days, as an Order superior to Presbyters, may d- be performed by Lay-men, or by Priests, without a second Confectation.

Whitaker and Fulk, two of the most learned Divines of that Reign, in answer to the Romanists, challenging them to prove their Vocation and Orders, answers them in short thus:

Quoth Whitaker, I would not have you think that we make any Reckoning of your Orders or Consecration, so as to hold our Vocation unlawful without them. Whitaker, Contra Dureum, p. 21.

And Fulk, You are highly deceiv'd if you think we esteem your Bishops, Priests and Deacons better than Lay-men; we defy and abhor all your Antichristian Orders. See his Answer to the Counterfeit Catholick.

Thus from the Reformation for above 50 Years, deeming the Pope's Church (as they called her) no Church of Christ, but the Synagogue of Satan and Antichrist; that Son of Perdition who hath made himself drunk with the Blood of the Saints, and being entirely cut off from her, no marvel they were not at all fond of any Relation to her, but despised all her Orders, founding their Succession immediately from the Apostles in Faith Faith and Verity, (as hath been before observed) with out (for-footh) running down the long, intricate, mazey, winding, craz'd Conduit-Pipe through the Romish Synagogue; and admitted Ministers of the foreign Reformed Churches who had not Episcopal Ordination to officiate in our Churches without Re-ordination, in all sacred Ordinances; one President of

which is sufficient for all you have forward, p. 51, Oc.

But in the succeeding Reign of King James, toward the latter end, the Opinion prevailing of the Roman Church being a True Church, Episcopacy to be Jure Divino, and a Succession from her Essential; the Romanists nicking that Season to publish the Nags-head Transaction, and busily engaged to prove the Nullity of our Clergy and Church, lest she should be thought ingendered by the May Dew, or at best but a Bastard, and consequently cause an Elope to Rome, to prove ours her Legitimate and Genuine Off-ipring, by the Contrivance of Mason and Archbishop Abbot's Consent, the Lambeth Register, unknown to the World, or unheard of before, was published.

But admitting the Lambeth Register Genuine, and be that as

it will, we have another great Difficulty to get over.

Not to infift much on these primitive Bishops with their Four Consecrators, mentioned in the Register, not having so much as the Sham Conge d' Elire for their free Election, but made so by Letters Patents from the Crown, wanting thereby one essential Qualification for a spiritual Overseer, the Church's Choice, and being no more than Ecclesiastical High-Sheriss, as before observed.

The Bishops in the Apostles Days were generally Itinerant, but were chosen by the Churches, and that was their Credentials where-ever they preach the everlasting Gospel. See

Acts 15. 22. and on Cor. 2.8--19.

The same Custom and Right of the Church was us'd the

immediate fucceeding Ages.

Fabianus was chosen Bishop of Rome by all the Brethren of that Church.

Anterius

met

of

the

ple

in

ed

ti

bolo

Anterius being dead all the Brethren of the Church of Rome; met together to chuse a Successor.

Sabinus was chosen Bishop of Emerita, by all the Brethren

of that Church.

1-10

ng, d-

ad

hof

le

g

n

)-

e

e

rf

Cyprian was chosen Bishop of Carthage, by the Favour of all the People, and throughout all Africa, as well as Europe and Asia, the Churches choice their Bishops.

There is no need of many Quotations of particular Examples, where a Practice is universal, as is well known this was in the primitive Ages of Christianity, to all who are acquaint-

ed with the State of the Church at that Time.

Now admitting the † Erastian Principles, that all Eccle-stassical Power Centers in the Civil Magistrate; even Ordination of Priests and Excommunication, as well as every Act of Government in the Church besides; and that Laymen might be Bishops, upon which Foundation our New Church of England was established: I must own it doth properly belong to the Kings of England by their Letters Patents, or by this Conge d'Elire; which is but another Name for the same thing, to make their Bishops.

But since our Church is gone off from those, Principles, and avouch Bishops cannot but be Spiritual Persons, of an Order superior to Priests, without whom, or by those ordained by them, all divine Offices and Ordinances are a Nullity: I say, Bishops under this Notion, not having the Church's free Choice, wanting that essential Qualification, it is of no small Moment: He that entereth not into the Sheep-fold by the Door, but climeth up some other way, the same is a Thief and a Robber,

John 10. 1.

But to let that pass, let us consider these four pretended Consecrators of our first Archbishop, from whom flow'd all Consecrations since in our Church; Coverdale, Scory, Barlow, and Hodskins.

G

As

[†] Erastus was a Swiss Doctor.

As for Coverdale, he was made Coadjutor to Vaveisey, Bishop of Exeter, (being very old) the beginning of King Edward's Reign, who dying soon after, Coverdale was made Bishop in his stead; and so was one of King Edward's unconsecrated

Bishops, or Ecclesiastical High Sheriffs, as aforesaid.

But being in Exile, tainted with Zuinglius on his Return, the beginning of the Queens Reign, refuted to accept his late Bishoprick of Exeter, or any other. And also 4 Years after being earnestly prest to accept the Bishoprick of Landass, with a Promise of annexing the Lands symonically alienated by Kichin, he refus'd it, but lived privately in and about London, preaching occasionally in the Churches; and would only accept of the Collation of St. Magnus in London. Stripe's Life of Grindal. P.91.

Now it feems strange, that him, who thro' tenderness of Conscience resused to accept of a Bishoprick once and again, earnestly press'd on him, should assist in Consecration of another, which very much strengthens the Suspicion of the For-

gery of the Lambeth Register.

As for Barlow and Scory, besides the Desiciencies beforesaid, the former having Symonically wasted the Rich Bishoprick, of St. Davids, that it was not worth his keeping; he afterwards alienated nineteen Mannors and Granges of the Bishoprick of Bath and Wells, to the Protector Somerset, for that See, with the remainder; so that the published a Book of Recantation, making severe Resections both on the Resormers, and on the Resormation it self; hoping to keep his Bishoprick, yet was deprived, not only on Account of Non-Confecration as beforesaid, but his Symonical Drepredations.

As for Scory, tho' he renounced his Wife, and did publick Pennance for his Marriage, hoping to keep his Bishoprick, which to enjoy at the Price of his Wife, must be Symony in the highest Degree, if our Lawful Espousals, under the most solemn Covenant before God and his Church, to Keep, Love and Cherish, until parted by Death, ought to be preferred

to Gold and Silver.

And

M

bei

cie

ly

In

CO

G

K

or

mo by

D

W

of

no

be

01

P

a

fu

pe

to

h

And tho' he was joined in Commission as a Delegate with Martin, and Brooks Bishop of Gloucester, to Judge Cranmer, yet being no Bishop on account of the before-mentioned Desiciencies, was put out of his Bishoprick. Hist. Ref. Ab. 250-299.

So these two, besides the foresaid Desiciencies, being deeply immers'd in Symony, in the Gall of Bitterness and Bond of Iniquity, must be void of the Holy Ghost, and consequently could not confer on others what they had not themselves.

These two eloped, turned Exiles, and fell in with the

Gospellers.

lob

di

111

ted

rn,

ate

er

1 2

in, h-

he

I.

of

n,

a-

r-

d, k,

ri-

at

of

s,

-

k

,

n

e

As for Suffragan Hodskins, he was no other than one of King Edward's Ecclesiastical under Sheriffs, and had no Power or Authority to Exercise any Jurisdiction or Office whatsoever, more than a Presbyter, but as immediately commissioned by his Diocesan. Coll. Ch. Hist. p. 44. Vol. 2. And being in the Dioceses of London, I leave it to the judicious Reader's Thoughts whether Bishop Bonner would give him any such Power, so must of Course be set by as a Cypher in this Consecration.

Now confidering all these Desiciencies and Invalidity, it is no Marvel that the Papist have from time to time ever since been Challenging us to prove the Vocation and Validity of

our Priesthood

And in truth the best Answer we can give them, is what Archbishop Bancroft used to make on the Question, How Parker and our first Bishops came by their Consecration? which was; he hoped a Priest, in case of Necessity, might make a Bishop.

And if a Priest can make Bishops in Case of Necessity, surely he may Priests, which will open such a Gap to our Seperatists, that all our Wisdom and Learning will not be able to close; they'll prove their Necessity as well as we ours.

But the Question is, Who makes the Necessity? will not Papists say, had you not broken off from us, you should not

have wanted Bishops.

We can only say, they imposed Sinsul Terms on us, and here I refer you to their Answer behind, Page 22, 23, 24. of Poem.

CO

11

N

If we ask the Dissenter what makes their Necessity, will not their Answer be the same? You impose upon us sinful Terms of Communion, and we can clear our selves from that

to them, just as the Papists do to us.

Now whether they were Confecrated by Scory alone, at the Nag's-Head, or Parker by him, with his thee Coleagues at Lambeth, they were neither on them other than Priests: two of whom had by their Symony forfeited their Priestly Orders also, and were but Lay-men: which is as clear from what hath been said, from good Authority, as can prudently be expected, of a Matter transacted so long since, wherein our Protestant Historians then living, as Stow, Holing shead, Speed, Oc. were silent, either not daring otherwise, or naturally willing to bury it in Oblivion. Popish Historians under a Cloud ever fince, and their Writings discredited, tho' the Authors of good Integrity, and raley in the Hands of Protestants: and our modern Protestant Historians slubbering it over, or else quite stifling it. And the other two, Coverdale and H.dskins, tho' they were Priests, and nothing appears in Hiltory of their forfeiting it, there is no Reason to think, as before observed, that Coverdale had any Hand in it, and Hidskins, if there was fuch a one, had nothing to do there.

See what a Foundation our tow'ring Church is built on, we had been almost as good contented with the Nag's-Head

Confecration, and made no Noise about it.

Now (not to mention the great Schism between Rome and us, allow'd by all, of which they or us must be guilty, and consequently the Succession inevitably broke, as behind, Pages 23d and on the 25th of the Poem, Schism as effectually nulling the Bishop as Symony; it being equally one to be cut off from the Body of Christ by the one, as to be in the Gaul of Bitterness and Bond of Iniquity by the other.) Now, I say, con-

considering all these Things, what have we been doing these many Years in our fatiguing Endeavours to prove our Seperatists no Churches of Christ, but lest to the uncovenant Mercy of God? Even on the same Foot on which we our selves are in the self-same wretched and miserable Condition, nay worse; for our infallible Knowledge, (unless wilfully blind) leaves us inexcusable, if we are wanting in our Endeavours to retrieve it.

Whereas their Ignorance God may wink at, and if our Succession was retrieved in Archbishop Laud's Time, thro' our strong Faith, as forward, Page 59, Go. or through so long a Tract of Time healed, 'twas dash'd to pieces on the late bles-

sed Revolution, as forward, Page 85.

d

4.

11

ul

it

le

it

0

S

t

00

d,

1-

r

e

)-

it

le

·S

۲,

d

7,

d

d

d

2ºs

g

To be fhort, altho' this Thing is of that Moment, in the Opinion of all found Churchmen, as that on which (with our profound Dodwell, with other some more of us) depends the immortalizing so many Millions of Souls, included in our pretended Church, by Baptism, (being by Nature Mortal) or by all of us, if by Nature Immortal, (which is worse) left to the uncovenant Mercy of God. I say, althor this thing is of fo great Moment, there cannot be the least rational Hopes to any judicious impartial Searcher after Truth; but that there was fuch an Invalidity or Deficiency, as either not being confecrated at all; or if confecrated, done by one or more, who had no 'femblance of Power or Divine Authority to do it; or else Bonner, who (tho' stained with Cruelty) wanted not full Judgment in that Matter, would not have denied Horn to have been a Bishop at the King's-Bench Bar, nor would the Judges have failed over-ruling his Plea; but on a deliberate Conference at Serjeant's-Inn, where they for that purpose met, have referred the Decision of it to the next Sessions of the Parliament; nor would that wife and August Assembly, who abolished Popery, have humoured Bonner's Plea so far as to pass that famous Act, as behind, Page 28. had Horn been a Bishop; which Act, with its Preamble, the Reader is defired to peruse diligently. And And if Horn was not a Bishop, none of the rest was.

What can be more clear, than the Opinion of all the Judges, and the three Estates of the Realm in Being, at the Time of the Transaction of a thing so long, since which our Historians have endeavoured to smoother.

Observe, the Invalidity or Imperfection and Disability there mentioned, could not arise on their being consecrated by the new Form only; for that being authorized by Act of Parliament, the 5th and 6th of Edward VI. was Valid; and confequently, had these four pretended Consecrators of Parker, or of our first Protestant Bishops been consecrated by that New Form, it must be valid; and no need of this New Act for Removing all Doubt and Question that may be objected (as in the Preamble express'd.) And, as before observed, none in his Reign was Confecrated by the Old Form; fo confequently the Imperfection, Invalidity or Disability beforementioned, must arise on these four pretended Consecrators of Parker, having themselves no Consecration, agreeable to what is mentioned behind in Brook's Novel Cases, Pages 37 and 38. As to the Judges Opinion of Leases granted by Bishops made in King Edward's Reign; to wit, they being not Confecrated, was not Bishops, and consequently those Leases Invalid.

So I take Leave of the serious Historian and Observer, and give the Poet the Range.

And now, behold a Church with a Hiearchy in't, Come light on Fire, new coin'd, out of th' Mint; Not founded on the Apostolick Plan, The Church's Infant State, e'er she began Her inward radiant Beauty to display, Both gorgeous to the World t' appear, and gay;

1

E

1

When Priests and Bishops both were deem'd as one, And Superiority 'f Order there was none; Nor knew the Pow'r that Canon did afford her, Let all be done with Decency and Order; Transmitted only down from Prissine Days, In Piedmont's Vales, unbless'd with Soi's bright Rays; Whose Habitants and Manners, so obscure, Escap'd Submission to the Roman Chair; Which rustick Neighbourhood, their mouldy Model, First made Impress on Calvin's Cock-sure Noddle: Nor on th' Authority of the Roman See, Where true Succession must (if in Europe) be; But an Act of Parliament, the same Foundation, Impow'rs the Publicans to Poll the Nation.

Now see a Faith's Defend'ress on the Throne, More absolute than's Holiness at Rome:
'Twas a Jest too shrewd of James of Calledon, On's first Accession to the English Throne;

Do I the Judges and the Bishops make?
What I'll have Law and Gospel, they shall speak.

S

e

e

r

V

S

S

o

S

d

*Our New Church head, as Specimen of her Pow'r, On th' Ecclesiastick Scene sirst took her Tour; Her Fingers touch'd with her Father's sacred Itch, With th' Church's poor Remains herself t' enrich; Lest Bishops Praunder-prick'd, should grow too frolick, She took t' herself, by Authority Apostolick, Their old Demains, and many a noble Grange, And gave them Tythes impropriate, Exchange:

^{*} Stripe's Life of Archbishop Grindal, p. 32.

Which griev'd their righteous Souls, their spiritual Nurse Being not too guilty of changing Cole for a worse; And dash'd all Hopes of being restor'd again To each, from which so long unjust detain'd: In a Bishop's Breast 'twould not sit easy at all, To rob Saint Peter, for to pay Saint Paul.

AI

W

Sh

T

T

H

T

Se

V

İ

As

Hav'ng jobb'd that Jobb for good Behoof o'th' Crown,
Her next Concern immediate was her own;
Three diff'rent Parties struggling under her Eye,
Her Reign being yet in dangerous Infancy,
The Papists, Gosp'lers, and the slying Squadron;
To shew herself a tender spiritual Matron,
The last of these being much the bulkier Party,
Who appear'd to each the other (top-most) hearty;
She both Religions blended (sly) together,
Th' best Expedient to hold out Wind and Weather.

In facred Worship Organ's us'd again,
Deem'd superstitious in her Brother's Reign;
Ceremonials decent in their Order rang'd,
All in her † Brother's Litany expung'd:
Which gave our antient Mother great Offence,
Shew'ng Rudeness more than Char'ty or good Sense;
Their Prayer in vulgar Tongue (something reform'd)
Not knowing what 't was before they were so charm'd,
The Priests in usual Habits all be adorn'd:
Papists and Gosp'lers, Higly-pigly together,
Went all to Church, not knowing one from t'other.

[†] See King Edward's Litany; perticularly that Clause, "From the Tyranny and abominable Idolatry of the Bishop of Rome, good Lord Deliver us.

Mean while, that each these Sorts might think her And as she just alike desir'd their Prayers, (theirs, Whilst Loads of Wooden Christs were burnt at || de Acre, She ador'd a Gold one, on her Chapel Altar.

fe

n,

As foon's this medley Story came to Rome, And th' Pope had fent to's Bearns in gross their Doom, 'Twould make an Anch'ress Ninety Years old to laugh, To see how soon th' Wheat shuffl'd off from Chaff; Her genuine Sons turn'd all a Head together, To due Devoir, and left their Foster-Mother.

His Holiness, in convenient Distance after; Casting his Eyes on this Apostate Daughter, Sent Emmissaries o'er, with great Success; Chiefly in ¶ Oxford, and that Diocess; Where Learning and Politeness pav'd the Way, Saint Peter's Fishers caught a noble Prey.

The Queen, acquainted with this great Elepe,
This shifting Faith from her t' her Rival Pope;
The Laws against the Old Religion arm'd,
And with this rife Desection greatly alarm'd,
With Jayls and Confiscations they're acquainted,
Their Priests, like Partridge, o'er the Mountainshunted;
The truly ordain'd, anointed of the Lord's,
For pious Zeal, were hang'd, like Dogs, in Cords:
Fowls of the Air prey'd upon their Quarters,
Whilst by the Church they were canoniz'd for Martyrs.

H

Thus

¹¹ Now Mercers-Chapel, Cheapside, then a Church to St. Thomas de Acre, See Stripe's Life of Grindal, p. 25.

See Stripe, as before.

Thus having check'd the antient Church her Growth, And Danger vanishing from South and North, The Calledonians riotous Reformation Obstructing that Queen's Claim to th' English Nation, Our New Religious Quar'lings daily encrease, About their Way to ferve the Prince of Peace; The Seeds of Schism at Frankfort sown between 'em, All o'er the Land, might now be seen the Spring o'm: Some for their Hiearchy, a Castle in the Air, Others Presbytery, and purer Form of Prayer; Too pure to jant the common Road to Heav'n, For which the odious Puritan Name was giv'n; The former being th' establish'd Constitution, Engross'd the flying Squadron o'er the Nation; The latter's Faith and Spirit, self-same Guise, With those call'd Martyrs in Queen Mary's Days; * Which thick-skull'd Moams, before the Reformation, Had in their Brains indelible Impression, That Presbyter with Bishops both the same, Their Order equal, tho' of diff'rent Name; No lording Prelates in th' Apostles Age, O'er those who took of Chritt his Flock the Charge; And they Alone, the Apostle's true Successors, Who w're of their Faith and Verity, true Profesfors: From which, with Errors more, they'd not be turn'd, And, as they justly deserv'd, were justly burn'd.

T

Fi

T

T

*

^{*} See Bradford's, and other learned Martyrs Dispute with the Popish Doctors. Fox's Acts and Monuments.

Thus many Doatards threw away their Lives, Their squeamish Followers in their Scruples thrives.

From Romish Side, all Dangers being quash'd, Far greater ones from these, the Church infest: First twenty Years, the Queen the Scepter wiel'd, The Reins of Disc'pline were remisly held; Archbishop Grindal, in Exile with th' rest, Of foreign Worship got so deep a Gust, That Priestly Habits lay by most rejected, And Worship uniform long time neglected, Each pick'd and chose, as he stood best affected: † Priests and Mechanicks, licens'd one with t'other, Some unordain'd, preach'd fifteen Years together: Sir Taverner, High-Sheriff of Oxfordsbire, Was forc'd the Assize in Pulpit to appear; * From Mary's Mount, (was Learning e'er so lurcht?) To throw some Scarle to Chickens of the Church; And when our Nations Hen, our fov'reign Mother, Thought fit to cluck her Brood in form together, And with her Female Zeal Injunctions preis, Her Grindalizing Bishops hung an arse; Scotch Preachers licens'd some; unreordain'd With high Encomiums on that Church, (not Bland;) But ours, alas! we must confess no Holier, Twas like to like, as the Devil told the Collier. The

[†] Stripe's Life of Grindal. Il Fuller's Church History.

* A License granted by Dr. Aubury to John Morrison, a Scotch Minister; Cum Tu Præfatus Johannis Morrison, &c. In English thus, "Since you, the "aforesaid John Morrison (a Scotchman) about Five Years past, in the Town of Gravet, in the County of Lauthain, in the Kingdom of Scotaland,

The Temple-Church of course, the great Resort, Of Quality 'nd Gent'ry, the politer Sort Her Pulpit was, alas! too long the Stage Of the two Opponing Oracles of the Age; Hooker Espous'd the establish'd Discipline, And Travers patroniz'd the Puritan Scheme. What one in Morning preach'd o' polemick kind; In Asternoon, the other undermin'd.

This Ecclesiastick Justing drill'd along,
Till th' Temple Church became a Quality Throng.
Tho' Hooker's Judgment was the most profound,
(Sequatious Minds being influenc'd most by found)
With charming Eloquence Traver's Tongue full fraught,
Before remov'd, the noble Throng was caught.

This License was granted by Dr. Aubery, the Archbishop's Vicargeneral, April 6. 1581. [Stripe's Life of Grindal. p. 271. Fr

W

Be

To

(a)

Ha (S

Af

T

Sh W Ha

W

M

Ai

T

the

no M Li

Di

lay

were admitted and Ordained into Holy Orders, and the Sacred Ministry by the Imposition of Hands, according to the laudable Form and Right of the Reformed Church of Scotland: And since the Congregation of that County of Louthain is conformable to the Orthodox Faith and Sincere Religion, now received and professed in this Realm of England, and e-sablished by publick Authority: We therefore, as much as in us lieth, and as by Right we may, Approving and Ratifying the Form of your Ordination and Preferment, [Prasettionis] done in such Manner aforesaid, Grant to you a License and Faculty, with the Consent and express Command of the most Reverend Father in Christ, Edmund, by Divine Providence Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, to us fignissed, That in such Orders by you taken, you may and have Power, in any convenient Place, in and throughout the whole Province of Canterbury, to celebrate Divine Offices, to minister the Sacraments, Er. as much as in us lieth, and we may de Jure, and as far as the Laws of this Kingdom doth allow."

Fuller and Collier's Church Hiftory, p. 633.

The Infection in our great Metropolis reign'd, From whence it spread it self all o're the Land: Which in succeeding Age (O Cruel Fate!)
Prov'd utter Overthrow of Church and State:
Beside the Course of each revolving Moon,
A Sect engender'd (e'er that Age) unknown.

The Papists crush'd, and having none but these, To interrupt her new-made Church's Ease.

(a) Tho' Popery 'twas thought had glib gone down, 2
Had it but squar'd her Title to the Crown,
(She rather than Elop'd, from Rome was thrown)
Affecting always Pomp in her Religion,
'Twixt Rome and Us, she rode the very Ridge—on.
She always bore to Puritans warm Aversion,
Who through the Bishops Luke-warm Prosecution,
Had almost all o'm Churches in Possession
Well knowing such In-mates Harbour'd in her Church,
Might taint her Bearns, and leave her in the Lurch:
Resolv'd to abandon all Compassion tender,
And shew 'em the Wrath of a Female Faith-Desender.

Arch-Bishop Grindal's Prophesies ordain'd;
T' improve the Clergy's Knowledge through the Land:

⁽a) Witness her retaining the Crucifix on her Altar, until broken by Patch the Fool, through the Means of Sir Francis Knowles, her near Kinsman, notwithstanding the zealous Letter of Peter Mariyr against i., through the Means of our Divines, themselves not daring to be so free with her. [Stripe's Life of Grindal.] And the great Difficulty both our own and many foreign Divines labour'd under to prevail on her to lay by the use of them in Churches, laying before her all the weighty Arguments in writing, pressing her to refer the Thing to a Synod of Bishops and other Divines; yet was she, with great Difficulty, prevail'd on to lay them aside. [Burnet's Hist. Abr. p. 358.]

Which she already thought had got too much, To keep in due Devoir t'a Woman's Church. By Ecclesiastick Pow'r lodg'd in her Crown, She sent her Royal Command to put them down. The Prelate durst not yield for Conscience tender, (b) But sent a Sermon to his Faith-Desender.

Her Holiness thought this Church was her own ma. And sure to gov'rn it, cou'd not be mistaken. (king, Suspends the old Arch-Prelate out of hand, Supress'd the Prophesies by her strait Command, Which sat so heavy on his Grace's Mind, His Carcass soon his puritan Soul resign'd.

Whitgift succeeds, had he due Consecration,
W's a Prelate worthy th' English Church and Nation.
A Soul so exactly quadrat with the Queen,
[Which] was the Spiritual Head, was rarely seen.
Their Zeal 'gainst Puritans did Spontaneous stand,
Her Soul being his, was always before-hand;
And bravely scorn'd Injunctions or Command.

(6) His Grace exactly knew the true Dimensions,

The breadth, and depth, and length of a Puritan Conscience; And subtile Art'cles for Subscription fram'd, With Interog'raties, could not be palm'd; Inquisitor-like will make each Conscience quave, And either turn a Seperatist or Knave.

Petitions came to Council from each Quarter, Proceedings sharp they press his Grace to alter; He

His

He

She

Suc

An

An

If ?

M

*T

Son

Βu

Ar

W

Sh

Fo

W

H

⁽b) Stripe's Life of Grindal, Appendix of Originals, p. 74. and Fuller's Cb. Hift.

Hestout, refus'd, knowing whom he'd got to back him, His Mistress spit in's Mouth, and gently stroak him. Her they Address, her Graces Zeal to cool, She's mute, and sate as still's a Cat at Stool; Such potent Fautors rais'd her Jealousey higher, And to her Resolutions, gave new Fire.

Since she to make a Church took so much Pains,
And have't despis'd, she took't in highest disdain,
If 't were a Church thought good enough for a Queen,
Must Subjects at it Carp with haughty Mein?
*The Puritans were discharg'd their Cures, by th' Score,
Some hang'd for slandering her despotick Pow'r.

Her Church Foundation now's made very good,
Built on both Puritan and Papist Blood:
And with the Blood of Scotland's Queen cemented,
Which on the State to rest, being not contented,
She join'd her Metropolitan in Commission,
For specious Cause of Death, makes Inquisition:
Whose natural Sujects general Desection,
To England forc'd her, for our Queens Protection.

The unhappy Exile, thus in her Possession, Was Pris'ner seventeen Years for this Transgression; Her Quart'ring th' English Arms in her Escutcheon, And making Norfolk's Duke something too much on: The Independent Queen's convicted for't, To Death was Sentenc'd in Star Chamber Court; Where † Dav'son's fin'd Ten Thousand Pound, off hand, For carrying the Dead Warrant, b' the Queens Command.

t.

e

^{*} Udal, Thacker, and others.

[†] Queen Elizabeth, to cast off the Odium of the Scots Queens Death from terself, after she had sign'd the Dead Warrant, and sent it by Davison, sent

O thou most holy, holy, holy Religion!

How t' crown'd Heads thou'rt made a Tooly-Widgeon!

One lost her Crown for the Old (tho' faulty) true one,

Th' other gain'd hers, by making of a new one.

Thus having drawn her Church into the Mud,
T' Embrew her Hands in th' Lord's anointed Blood:
Learnt Puritans the Way, who in next Age,
Acts the same Tragedy, on publick Stage:
Her haughty Soul t' the World gave humble curch,
Slipt Shell, and left her Carcass in the Lurch.

|| Of this Elope the Northern King appriz'd,
The Faith-Defender comes, but halt baptis'd;
A Christian made without being Exorcis'd?
Forbade by 's squeamish Mother, in good sooth;
No Pockey Priests must Spit in her Child's Mouth.

The foul and unclean Spirit with which h' was born,

Made frequent bold, his Breeches to adorn:

With Furmiture not quite fo sweet as Cow-shorn.

* The Anti-suppers then brought up in Vogue, Vast Sums the Treasury forc'd to disembogue, A Thousand Pound each Night, was no strange thing, For an Army of Courtiers, and Luxurious King; When one alone whilst th' Musick play'd a round, Cou'd swallow a Pye which cost (at least) Ten Pound.

fent after him to recall her Warrant, when 'twas too late, then caus'd him to be fin'd Ten Thousand Pound (in the Star-Chamber Court) for making so much haste. [See her Annals.]

11 King James I.

I

7

T

(1

0

V

T

B

A

T

M the

ha H

^{*} See Osburn's Memoirs on the Life of King James I. of these Anti-Suppers.

The choicest Viand Sea or Land afford,
In num'rous Courses loads the Royal Board:
As high's the tall'st of Men could reach from Ground,
The vil'st of which must cost ten shillings a Pound,
Musk, Magisterial of Pearl was deem'd no Cost,
Their Nick-knacks all profusely b' Amber greas'd;
(And the richest things corrupt becoming worst.)

The Royal Palace stunk each Morn like Hell, And some like Satyrs sled from their own Smell; On uncouth gambling Gay's there set a-gog, Whilst Rural Swains were playing at Hop-frog.

No Church Affairs in's Reign afforded Sport,
But scolding Puritans at Hampton Court;
And planting Bishops in his Native Soil?
Our new-made Sort, which made Scots Stomachs boil;
That nothing could Atonement make for th' Thing?
But their obliging us with such a King.

Quondam | Ill mumble Mass had all his Heart, In all the Church's Quarrels he took her Part; She wore the Lawrel all his peaceful Reign, And Puritans by Shoals took o're the Main.

7

m

fo

S.

e

With Bishops, Lords, and Commons he once stood fair To be all blown up with their Castle in the Air; More Zealous far for & Cacils Holy-day, A Countermine which deep as Tophit lay;

Il So King fames was wont to call the Common-Prayer, before he came to the English Throne.

⁺ See Osburn's Memoirs, as above, especially the Hints he gives, that Cacil was the first secret Spring which moved, in drawing in those desparate Men into that Plot. A neat Device, as he calls it, of the Treasurer, to setch in the Lord Morley, a Papist, to whom the dark Letter was sent, and by him carried to the King, to whose Estate, or Person, or both, he had an Eye and Quarrel: And also being known to be in the Bottom of the Discovery, (tho' the King had publickly the Name,) to recover the Love of the People, forseited by the Hate he had express'd to their Darling Essex.

To raise for Essex Death his sinking Glory,
Than Scotland's Kirk, for 'escaping the Hands of Gowry.*
Feasting and Dancing were his great'st Concern,
Till 's Soul danc'd off, never, never more to return:
Blaspheming Nature for her Want of Will,
T' immortalize him, or her want of Skill.
But th' Rising Sun did so the World surprize,
And's growing Court, drawing Tears from's Father's
Eyes;

He's a less than the ware much should adore him.

He's call'd for, lest they too much shou'd adore him, To keep his Court in t' other World before him.

A dismal Scene now ope's (stupendious Fate,)
Which ends in Overthrow of Church and State!
'Tis a Postulata with our Church's Son's,
As plain before's, that he may read who runs;
Those Souls forlorn by th' unordain'd baptiz'd:
Their Baptism's null; Aliens in Christian Guise.
Our late great Dodwell's Judgment most profound,
Which with our learned Churchmen gains such Ground,

* Altho' the Account published in Print by the King's Order, murder'd the Credit of the Earl of Goury's Conspiracy, with all wise Men whatsoever; and by the Scots, at Home and Abroad, was laugh'd at: So that when by the King's Command the same Day, the Ministers of Edinburgh were ordered to repair to the Churches, and give GOD Thanks for his great Deliverance; they all refused it, alledging their Dissatisfaction in the Matter; whatsoever was not of Faith being Sin, until threatened with Imprisonment and Death by the Council; which made some of them Hyppocrites, and the other run away: but our obedient Church knowing it their Duty to believe what our Kings say, and obey their Commands, on his Accession to the English Throne, devoutly celebrated it all his Reign. [See Osburn's Memoirs on King fames 1st's Reign, and this whole Tragical Story, in Collier's Church History, Vol. 2

Wa

But

Per

Elf

1

Bu Wl

An

He

Hi

Or

H

As

BI

B

* Was stanch for Soul's Mortality by Nature;
But made, by Baptism, an Immortal Creature:
Perform'd by a Priest, ordain'd by a Bishop's Hand,
Else in it's nat'ral mortal State must stand.

Let that be right or wrong, we'll not contend, But this we are sure, a *Prince the Throne ascends! Whose Birth unhallowed Scotland first apprized; And by a Quack Dumferling Priest baptized.

Oh! had that Office rightly been perform'd,
He truely with the Christian Name adorn'd:
His Soul superior made to a Hodmandod,
Or brought within the Cov'nant Mercy of God;
He'd been as great and glorious a Faith-defender,
As was e're conceiv'd, or born o' th' Female gender.
By natural Instinct, Puritans he abhorr'd,
But the Reverend, and right Reverend, he ador'd.
Born for Law-giver, tho' in Counsel seeble,
A second Moses, but some ways unstable.

Moses the Man of God, Law-giver in Truth, Was God to Aaron, Aaron was his Mouth; Our Moses, tho' of Speech uncircumcis'd, A second (b) Aaron Heaven for him had rais'd. Who being exalted Priest, of highest Degree,

Was God t''s King, his King a Mouth for he.
The Behest Divine, Hell gates shall not prevail,
Against Christ's Church, the Priest-hood ne're can fail.
But in some Vein o'th' Church 't hath always been,

Tho' we cant trace it to its Origin.

e

5

t

e

1

^{*} King Charles I.

But from Rome's part we've no great Cause to sear, But a private Pall from thence restor'd it heer; Or a Cardinal's Cap, for's Grace had been a Jeer.

And if what e're is not of Faith, is Sin,
Can't Faith make that to be which hath not been?
By Faith, from that very Hour we will believe,
Our Bishop's lost Succession was retriev'd.
And let no unbelieving Churle squeak,
If where the Historian fails, the Prophet speaks.

This ductile King's Obedience was so tender, Content alone with th' Name of Faith defender.

(c) His Ecclesiastick Power he wholly resign'd, To be employ'd to's Spiritual Sovereign's Mind. And tho' he kept the Title of Church's Head, That Sacraligious Statute lay for dead.

If Nature in this King did so far run,
Oh! what would Grace conferr'd by Baptism done!
Had they but had their Ante-tipes Success,
They'd led this Church clear thro' th' Wilderness.

This Rev'rend Pa had innate warm Aversion To Laymens dabb'ling in Church-Reformation.

Sherwell, a warm Recorder of New Sarum, Not so devout, but oft observ'd before him

⁽c) See the 6th Article of the House of Commons, exhibited to the Lords, in their Charge of High-Treason, part of which is in these Words, "He hatn traiterously assumed to himself a Papal and Tyrannical Power, both in Ecclesiastical and Temporal Matters, over his Majesty's Subjects, to the Dissertion of the Crown, Dishonour of his Majesty, and derogatory of his Supreme, Ecclesiastical Authority; claiming the King's Ecclesiastical Juristicon, as incident to his Arch-episcopal Office in this Kingdom, denying its Lerivation from the Crown, &c.

An antient Woman walking thro' the Church, she turn'd t' a certain Window, and gave a Curch; He cast his Eyes about, the Cause to gather, Espies (in Glass) a painted God the Father.

The Service done, a Vestry's forthwith call'd, No long Debate, but soon (forsooth) resolv'd Instancously it ought to be defac'd, And in its room plain Glass to be re-plac'd.

The warm Recorder, with his Puritan Zeal, Thought strait all Idols ought be sent to the De'l; With the end of's Cane he dash'd it all to Shivers,

And threw the Pieces (all) into the Rivers.

An Information's fent t' his Grace with speed, Who, inflam'd with Zeal, at this Sacraligious Deed; Th' Recorder summon'd to Star-Chamber-Court, Severely shrent for th' impious, bold Effort; And having there some time danc'd Sellinger's-Round, Was savour'd with a Fine, a Thousand Pound.

Leighton, Blasphemer of the Hiearchy, The Angels of the Church of God most high, There sentenc'd to be branded, stigmatiz'd, His Nose be slit, his Ears t' be circumcis'd: On Sentence read, his Grace's Heart was rais'd, He pull'd off's Cap, 'nd devoutly gave God Praise.

For like Transgression Burton, Prinn, and Bastwick,

A Physician, Lawyer, and an Ecclesiastick

S

Were branded, cropp'd, but Noses 'scap'd the Knife,

To smell the Stink of a Dungeon all their Life.

These wholsom S'verities serv'd to keep in Awe
The Puritan Teachers, and the learn'd in Law;
Well knowing, these Professions once struck dumb,
Our vulgar Church-Reformers would be mum.

(a) Judge

(a) Judge Richardson, in's Circuit to the West, By Quality and Gentry being at Bench address'd, Shewing forth the ill Effects of Ales and Wakes, Debauching the young Fry to Whores and Rakes; Requesting's Lordship's Order to invest 'em With full Author'ty forthwith to suppress 'em.

To grant the Order, the Judge did forthwith dain, On a Statute made in zealous Betty's Reign.

His Grace of this presumptuous Act inform'd,
Took Boat to Court, his Pupil-Royal alarm'd;
The Judge return'd, was sharply reprimanded,
For touching what b yond his Purlue extended.

(b) Clerks, Ales, and Wakes, or Feasts of Dedication
Were Customs laudable, of antient Station
To cheer good Neighbourhood in this Social Nation.

If loosely they're abus'd, we humbly trust
They ought to be reform'd, but not suppress'd;
How dar'd this Judge in Church Affairs embark!
Uzza (no Levite) dy'd for touching th' Ark:

This Order to revoke, receiv'd Command

From Spiritual Sov'reign's Proxy Mouth, off hand; The Puritan Judge next 'size his Order recalls, But 'gainst Profaining Sabbaths smartly rail'd;

His Grace and Majesty's Will no more regarded, The cross grain'd Judge is shrifted and Discarded.

The Puritans rigid Sabat'narian Zeal Was thought injurious to the Commonweal;

(a) See the whole Relation in Fuller's Church History.

Cl

W

A

H

0

H

H

F

N

Si

Ir

E

P

⁽b) Feasts kept always the Sunday following the Saints-day on which the Church was dedicated.

Church Holy-Days, with all the rest laid even With Superstitious Zeal, for one in Seven: Apprentices, and else, Slaves all the Week, Dar'd not that Day (for Sporting) forth to peep.

To stop that Evil, and more the like at home, And creep as near's they mought the Church of Rome; As she hath coercive Power her Laws to make, And Gods to superfede for Order-sake; Her own made Laws, to raise up ev'n with God's, Or Gods to lower to hers, being no great Odds: His Grace by Virtue of spiritual high Vocation, He bids the King put forth his Proclamation For Sports and Games on Sabbaths, notwithstanding All Laws contrary, 'f God's or Man's commanding; But those who serv'd not God the establish'd Fashion, Was not to share this gracious Proclamation; Which pious Craft lur'd most the looser Sort, To serve the Lord in Morn, for Evening Sport. Strict Orders on this Proclamation attended In Churches to be read, when Service ended, All disobedient Sons forthwith suspended.

'Twas better Physick than a Jaunt to th' Spam,
To see the Workings of a Puritan Maw;
Each Conscience rack'd and twisted, every Size
That Int'rest cou'd invent, or Art devise,
Point blank resus'd by some; forthwith suspended,
And some obey'd, but poorly Matters mended;
No sooner slubber'd our the Proclamation,
But preach'd against the Sabbath's Profanation;
And others did not Shill-1 Shall-I, stand,
But just obey'd, and read the Fourth Command;

And told them to their Choice they left the thing T' obey their God, or Bishop, and their King: But on the whole it had this blest Essect, To clear the Church, a Shoal of th' Puritan Sect.

(a) A Knot of London Citts, the wealthier Sort,
With Gentry and Quality, the sublimer Port,
Had form'd themselves to a fort of Corporation,
Engrossing all o're Lay-Impropriations.
The Profits thence arising to augment
Small Spiritualities, where they thought most want;
And Lectures rais'd, to make Divine Food plenty,
Where Gospel Ministers (forsooth) were Scanty:
'Twas Legal carry'd on, smooth, free, unforc'd,
Twelve Fæsees chose to bear this weighty Trust.
Four wealthy Citts, sour Lawyers, and sour Divines,
A prudent Choice for such a Crank Design.

Incredible the Summs by Bounty rais'd,
Which with the Product of the Brass-Works 'prais'd.
'Twas thought in Fifty Years they'd had in hand,

All Lay Impropriations in the Land.

† This Brazen Project carry'd a specious Face,
But our Church Guardian smelt a Snake in th' Grass;
To which he always bore a jealous Eye,
As what might prove a Thorn to Prelacy.
Those thus preferr'd, being all of Puritan Stamp,
He waits for a specious Cause to give 't a Cramp.

The Fæsees fixing a Lecture at Antholines, Within the City of London its Confines, Already too much gorg'd with such Divines.

⁽a) Fuller's Church History.

^{† &#}x27;Twas called the Copper-mine Project. [See Fuller's Church History.

F 65]

His Grace Commands Attorney Noy (rare Sport,) To bring this Thing into Exchequer Court.

Defendants plead this Fund their own Donation, They justly might enjoy themselves a Portion: But after Pro and Con, a long Debate, His Grace, and's Majesty resolv'd to hav't. 'Twas judg'd in Court, of Trust, a wry abuse, Forfeit and seized for th' King's own use. Huge Booty in these Trustees Hands appears, Who had nothing now to do but scratch their Ears. The frankest Treasure e're the King possest, None came from's Parliament but by Address, And always tack't to a Popular Behest.

These wholsome S'vereties, having stopt Career,

Of lay Reformer and lew'd Pa'mphereer.

With taking Gospel-spreaders Funds and Lands, And the care of all the Churches of their Hands. Some decent Things by old Reformers abolish'd, His Grace resolv'd t' restore, the Church to polish.

The Communion Table's for an Altar chang'd, In Chancil plac'd with Rails at distance rang'd; That none but those ordained of the Lord, Might dare Approach to near the facred Board. More worthy facred Bread to Mamock and Paw, Like Tavern Cake (with reverence spoke, and awe,) Than a Layick, on's Knees, to take't into his Maw. This handsome Change cost many a furious Squabble, A Spirit inflexible posses'd the Rabble.

To this most facred Board no rev'rend Bow, For almost Four-score Years, was paid till now.

Il See the Commons Articles of Impeachment against Judge Berkley.

No Bow to Jesus Name, no Eastern Nod, Till's Grace restor'd that Service to his God. The Church of * Katherine Creed its Consecration, With's Grace's eucharitlick Celebration Was aim'd a Mode for General Observation. With proper Train, he approach'd the Church West-end, Lifts up his Voice, pours forth Divine Command. Fly ope Eternal Gates to entertain The King of Glory, he comes with's thining Train. The Sacrastan within slings ope' the Door, He enters in, falls proftrate on the Floor: Breaths forth to's God from Pavement of the Dome. Thy time to favour Zion, the fet time's come. Thy Servant in the Stones take boundless Pleasure. And favour the Dust thereof as sacred Treasure. Attendants raise him up from licking Dust. By facred impulse, fill'd with facred Luft. All o're the Church they make Preambulation Drawing Blessings down; sends up Ejaculations, 'Till neither Pin nor Nail scap'd Consecration. The Church thus wholly fill'd with God most high, Lest might be deem'd a Consecration dry, With numerous Congees th' Altar he approach'd, Too facred now for common Hands to touch. At decent Distance on North End he stands. With elevated Eyes, crected Hands. The Bread and Wine by Virtue of powerful Word, Being chang'd to a Sacrifice unto the Lord. Drew back with Reverence, stood in awful Pause; With Reverence renew'd, to th' Altar draws;

Lif

Sta

Th

Re

Tu

W

Ea

La

To

Ea

U

Sl

A

^{*} See the Archbishop's Trial, publish'd by Mr. Prinn.

Lifts up the Corporal Spies the great Oblation, Starts back surpriz'd at wondrous Alteration: Three Genuflections made his reproach, Remov'd the Corporal, gave the sacred Touch.

With like Devoir the Callice he address'd,
Just lifts the Cover, peeps, starts back aganst:
With awful Reverence struck, and holy Fear,
Each Step a Congee, humbly drawing near:
Lays ope the Cover with Reverence profound,
To his Maker's Blood bows seven times to Ground.

On th' facred Victim all devoutly feast, And Joy sublime fills every facred Breast. Each to the Altar gave familiar Nod,

And gently for that time took's Leave of's God.

The Church is thus thro' Defart led by th' Hand,
Until she came in View o'th' Holy Land;
And had his Grace gone on as he begun,

She'd been the sprucest Church in Christendom:

Nor Bess, nor Pope, nor (a) Fox; (nor (b) Knipperdolen, Nor Cranmer, Redly, Eurastius, Luther, Calvin; Nor (c) Peter, Paul, with Sons of Zebedee;

There's none o'm all could make a Church like he.

His Grace resolv'd he'd make one of his own, And blest Britannia must have his, or none.

But, alas! the Child'ren come almost to Birth,

She strove, but Strength she wanted to bring forth;

Alas! a-well-a-day, it was her Fate,

His Grace dipt's Hands too deep in Things of State;

⁽a) The great Apostle and Leader of the Quakers.

⁽b) The Leader in chief of the Anabaptists in Germany.

⁽c) Who wrote all the Epistles, except fude, in the New Testament.

Which rais'd in Lords and Commons such Indignation, Their Blood being set on highest Fermentation; Not only those, the hot-spur'd Puritan Party, But ev'n some in Zion's Interest hearty, That Hearts must bleed with pious Zeal inslam'd, To see the Angels of the Church so 'sham'd. Twas common grown for Lay-Lords to affront The Reverend Prelates, going to Parliament. Justing them off, the Way to take the Hand, And proudly strut before the sacred Band.

The Bishops, their Precedence to assert, Thro' Sacrilege attack'd, were something pert.

Would smartly set the better Leg before,

But, clutter'd with their Gowns, were forc'd to lore. Th' Archbishop with Redundant Zeal inflam'd,

To make the Kirk with the English Church the same, Obtain'd from's Royal Pupil strict Command, The English Liturgy by him reform'd.

From some things Calvinistical unlos'd, On sturdy Caledonians to be impos'd.

No sooner did the Reverend Dean appear,
In Edinborough Dome, and 's Voice to rear,
But a Brawny Jade Responds with a Stool in's Face,
Avaunt faus Thief, foul Beast, thou void of Grace,
Say'st thou ill mumbled Mass, Christ Kirk among?
The foul Fiend Click, thy Babilonish Tongue,
Back'd by a general hideous Noise and Roar,
De'll split the Wem, Lungs, Crag oth' Scarlet Whore.
And follow'd with a Shower of Sticks and Stools,
Which made both Dean and Bishop look like Fools.

The Dean just ready to be made Hawks Meat, Half Planet-struck, abruptly made Retreat:

R

E

And narrowly 'scaping Tweed with all his Quarters: Resolv'd he'd ne're go more on catching Tartars.

This high Contempt of Authority and Affront, Both Sovereign Powers could not but high resent.

The King his Parli'ment press to grant Supply, To avenge so vile Affront on Majesty.
But alas! It being the Quarrel of the Church,
The Puritan Parliament left him in the Lurch.

The Bishops tax the Priests with much Discord, And give that Purse for Service of the Lord. An Army's rais'd, sent off in sull Career, Near Tork the Caledonians, they appear. They met, they quarle, with Zeal for th' Church they burn But alas! their Weapons, the wrong sort return. Not crown'd with Victory, but Scoss and Jeers,

The Churches Arms being only Pray'rs and Tears.
These were but Preludes to that direful Scene.
Which soon appear'd, the Curtain soon being drawn.
The Bishops from the House of Peers are voted,
Their Metropolitan to the Tow'r committed.
Not taken in Mercy off from Ill to come,
But kept three Years before he knew his Doom.
Until he saw his dearest Mother dead,

Then sacralegiously bereft of's Head:
The Church on ev'ry Side was sorely prest,
With Dangers all around, in great Distress.
Her quondam Lovers most o'm stand aloof,
To help in Time of Need, ne'er stirr'd a Hoof;
So Rats, by Instinct, quit a falling House,
And th' dying Beggar's lest by every Louse.

Her Temporal Head and Sov'reign takes the Field, In's own most sacred Person, he's her Shield; Wars, Blood and Slaughter ring in ev'ry Place, And Wounds and Scars almost in ev'ry Face. But th' various Turns of War decreed by Fate, 'Tis equal to Resist, as to Create; For the' the Church with spiritual Arms and Fasts, And Sword in Hand, full Four Years Militant past, Her Foes went off triumphant at the last. From Place to Place our Faith-Defender fled, The Son of Man had not to lay his Head: The Hiearchy, for which he stak'd his Crown, By Parliamentary Ord'nance, tumbled down: Th' anointed of the Lord, our Nostrils Breath, Beneath whose Wings, we bid Defiance to Death; And faid, among the Heathens we should live, Was taken in their Nets, and no Retrieve; Arraign'd, condemn'd by Slaves, O cruel Fate! Bereft of's sacred Blood at's Palace-Gate: Which direful Act, unheard of Wickedness, Language affords not Words for to express: By Rev'rend Dr. S-s, in's mournful Lays, On one of's gloomy Anniversary Days, A Traced; made Parallel, when compar'd With Crucifixion of our dying Lord; And was, quoth he, exceeded in this Thing, Christ, Son to a Carpenter, He t' a King: Or, that on Christ his Death the Church was founded, But on this Royal Victim ours wounded; On whom (tho' Christian Baptism wa'nt conferr'd) But left t' uncov'nant Mercy of the Lord. Yet, since the Militant Church hath made him a Martyr, No doubt but th' Church Triumphant gave him Quarter. Thus fell this King, unparallel'd, and in him, The Glory of the British Diadem:

For But Who Till Who

The

No

00 Fo T

For

For absolute Pow'r, inflexible by Nature, But ductile and sequations to the Mitre: Who, like true Lovers, went on Hand in Hand, Till the Voice of either was not heard i'th' Land; Whose Royal Palace, in succeeding Age, Attack'd by the devouring El'ment's Rage, The British Genius hover'd o'er the same, Fanning his Wings, to cheer the lab'ring Fiame: Resolv'd those Hoves of Luxury and Pride, With darker Crimes, rife then, where Monarchs bide; Oppression, wreaking Lust, with both the Genders, should be reduc'd t' a Heap of Stones and Cinders: Since for our Martyr's Ruin these laid the Train, Not Crimes of's own, (befure) but former Reign. The Flames approaching near the Banquet-pile, Our Genius lays Command the Flames recoil; Leaves that a Monument to future Age, For that Great Victim on a publick Stage: The high'st Example since the World begun, Of Justice bold, like that of God's own Son. Save that for th' World's Transgressions, this for's own.) A Heart must bleed, that pious Zeal hath fir'd, o To see the Spouse of Christ, but lately attir'd, Like gorgeous Chevalier, fo richly 'quipt, Of all her Furbelo's and Philact'ries stript; And all majestick spiritual Reg'men clear'd, How like a spruceless Roundhead she appear'd! Two hundred thousand a Year, the poor Remains Of Church Lands, to support the pious Train;

Bishops and Deans, Arch-Deacons, Canons, Choiristers,

All useful Columns in th' Temple of Christ, To make the facred Pile the more august;

Preceptors, Prebends, Chancellors, Proctors, Apparators;

The precious Sons of Zion, more fine than Gold, Like Vessels broke, could not their Water hold.

Those facred Lands, next Law, her sole Foundation,

Fell under a rapacious Sequestration,

To help support that matchless Usurpation.

The Church's greatest Prop thus taken down, No Marvel the whole Fabrick fell to th' Ground! Organs, with which was join'd most facred Lays, Breath'd by the Church, in lofty Strains of Praise; Were turn'd to Traps, for catching Mice in Holes,

And some for catching subterraneous Moles.

The Claval Pow'r in facred Confiftory. To ope and shut th' eternal Gates of Glory; Which awful Dread and Profit did afford her, Is now usurp'd by a Parson and Lay Elder: A patch'd Assembly serv'd for a Convocation. And a Lay Committee for a Visitation.

The Nuprial Sacramental Vows (fo deem'd By Rome, whose Judgment's not to b' disesteem'd) Shewing forth th' Espoulals of the Church with Christ, Office peculiar always to a Prieft,

Who only hath th' rightful Pow'r to dispense And change a Sin to due Benevolence.

These sacred Vows, where sacred Right takes Place, Were now profan'd by a Justice of the Peace; Which mounts no higher than legal Dispensations To live in Venial Sin of Fornication.

Probats of Wills, and all Administrations, Were swallow'd up at General Quarter-Sessions. No Altar left to draw divine Devoir, Nor Eastern Nod beheld in th' House of Pray'r: No bended Knee to JESUS seen before ye, And th' antient Service chang'd for a Directory.

Thefe

These nice Reformers; they had too much Starch To stoop to one bright Custom of the Church; All her Commands unscriptural they despised,

Their Conscience, like their Heads, were circumcis'd.
The Church thus stript (just Cause of Lamentation)
Of all her antient Rights and Acquisitions

Of all her antient Rights and Acquisitions, Of all her Holy Attire, like Sun beams shorn, Stark naked she appear'd, as when she was born!

The Ways to Zion mourn no solemn Feast,
The Church's Holy-days were all suppress'd,
And Reverend Paul's a Stable made for Beast;
No pious Throng to fill her sacred Pews,
Expos'd to Sale, for a Synagogue to Jews.

Sabbaths in Zion, 'n which the Sabbath's Lord Did Christian License to the Church afford; E'er while, when Service to the Church was ended; With Bowling, Dancing, and such Sports attended; Which, with Religion, went on, Hand in Hand, And charm'd th' voluptous and sequatious Band: When the Holy of the Lord became Delight, And Sporting to Religion did invite: Alas! these Sabbaths are no more in Zion! No Sports for Youth, nor th' Old to cast an Eye on! A Fewish, rigid Strictness, o'er the Nation, Had pinn'd them down all Day t' a dull Devotion. Blown up to that Fanatick Superstition,

None dar'd the Road but Midwife, or Physician.
The glorious Church, thus laid aside as Lumber,
What's wanting now in Quality's fill'd with Number;
Prolifick Sectaries, in short Time, made
Religions numerous almost as Trades:
They try'd, of Governments, each Shape and Size
The Army could invent, or Ramp devise.

L

They

They who had quell'd a great and glorious Sov'reign Made Europe tremble, 'nd none but God had over 'em, \ Thro' bles'd Decree, they knew not how to govern: But fell to Fractions, thro' Divine Permission, Which pav'd the Way for th' glorious Restoration. As foon's that long'd-for Day began to dawn, Our young Men Visions saw, our old Men dream'd: Hue Festa dies! Oth' joyful Day! One Language can't express the Church's Joy. + The Presbyterian Priests, with their Coleques, When at Breda, thro' a crafty, Court-Intrique, The King at's Closet-Pray'r, and they plac'd near him. Took Care that they, as well's his God, might hear him; Were wrapt up into facred Extafy, As visited with the Day-spring from on high: She pass'd twelve Years in horrid Wilderness, No Bishop, Priest, nor King, in great Distress Our Nobles (as th' Moon doth from the Sun) Receiving all their Brightness from the Crown. Spontaneously reflecting 't back again, By which, each other's Lustre they maintain; The Interregnum's fatal Interp'sition, (A Cause confus'd, stopt all Communication) By which Eclipse, their Glory look'd forlorn,

Our

Had

Asf

The

The So l

The

Tis

We

As

He

An

He

To

H

T

Like Sol, thro' Morning Mist, their Beams were shorn.

[†] Mr. Case, with other Ministers and Gentlemen of that Persuasion, being at Breda, where the King was, just before the Restoration; thro' Advice of his Chaplains, the Matter was set for them to hear the King at his private Devotion, and they were ravish'd to hear him pray devoutly to God to continue it in his Heart, notwithstanding all Temptations to the contrary, to keep firm to his Oath to his God, and to the solemn League and Covenant taken at his Coronation; and heartily and sincerely to forgive all his, and his Father's Enemies.

Our glorious † Rising Sun, who, all this while, Had spent his lingring Days in sad Exile, As soon's he appear', of antient Royal Stem, The rightful Heir to Albion's Diadem; The Cor'net with its antient Splendor shone, So long obscur'd, 'twas almost dingy grown: The Mitre was restor'd; that's no strange Thing; 'Tis a Maxim o'th' Church, no Bish'p, no King.

He came! he came! O Glorious Restoration!
Welcome as Quails to th' Israelitish Nation!
As soon's he came on Shoar, sull charg'd with Good,
He took to fill the Realm with Royal Blood;
And next, the Church being near'st his Royal Heart,
Her Faith-Defender tries his King-crast Art,
Her Glory to restore in Statu quo,
As s'r which his Father did the Crown forego:
To quit the Scot, for's Crown and Oath, at Scoon,
He church'd them up with Bishops, for a Boon.

A Conference in the Savoy they appointed, A subtile Project of the Lord's anointed, To feel the Pulse o'th' Presbyterian Fools, And handsomly reward their being our Tools.

The Act for Uniformity is fram'd,
With Terms t' accept they knew they must be asham'd
But th' House of Commons being, as yet, untam'd,
It hung, 'till th' Worcester Plot was brought to Town,
And then, by Lords and Commons, glib went down.

Bless'd Bartholomen, may'st thou be ne'er forgot, For th' great Deliv'rance for the Church then wrought: Two thousand Vacancies that Day was made, Not to be fill'd in common Course of Trade:

L 2

The

By

S

Which

The Church then Steeple upon Steeple fet, The most commodious Way to Heav'n to get; That Priesthood to retain in Church, was Nonfense, Who could not Man an Ecclesiastick Conscience. From hence the great Defection first began, Which universal spread all o'er this Land. Severities wholfome, fome the Church did try, To bring them to a due Conformity; With Fines and Process from the Quarter-Sessions, Their Chattels thus expos'd to Confiscations, And from Court Christian, t' Eccommunications. The Goals were well replenished all o'er the Land, And thousands fled to the American Strand; But such their Spirit, they could not be suppress'd, Th' more we brouz'd them, th' more they still encreas'd. The Church thus propt, and made true Church by Law, One Statute wanted more, for wholfome Awe: The Act for burning Hereticks being in Force, An Act explanatory 'd been of mighty Use, To bring the Scismatick within its Reach, The shortest Way to cure this flagrant Breach; But Mason's Bill, trump'd up for its Repeal, Which, tho' oppos'd by th' Bishops, Tooth and Nail; And all their Pow'r, with both th' Houses improv'd, That Prop we thought to help, was there remov'd; The only Rub in that most gracious Reign, To th' Church's Ease, or to her pious Design. Fanaticks, once indulg d, were made that Way, For th' Church's Purveyors, a more wealthy Prey. Some Plots against the Church and King were hatched, But all detected, and the Chiefs dispatch'd. That hold Attempt t' exclude the rightful Heir,

Change Right Divine, for Castles in the Air;

Which, Nemine Contradicente, pass'd the Commons, And cast, whilst on the Wheel, a fort of Qualm on's. By Bishops Votes, and Interest with the Peers,

As foon's brought there, discharg'd were all our Fears.

This Monarch's Reign, the Church walk'd in the Light Regal'd it Day by Day, with great Delight, Whilst he in Pleasures revel'd all the Night. With Nature's Bounties she was almost cloy'd, And all this Reign most glorious Things enjoy'd; Tho' Plague, and Fire, and Sword, were in our Coast, To attone for that, she always rul'd the Roast: In due Return, for Favours from the Crown, She taught her Children Loyalty profound, The Doctrine of the Cross, in Forty One So much profan'd, 'twas almost dead and gone, Is now with Zeal reviv'd, to prop the Throne.

The Thabian Legion is exalted high, Nine thousand arm'd would not resist, but dye; Each Pulpit eccho'd Bucchanan, thou lyest,

And Doctor Ball would lisp'c before the highest :

Our Houses, Lands and Goods, are Thathar's Treasure

Our Wives and Daughters are for Thathar's Pleasure;

Tho' Thathar's Sov'reign will strike Horror and Fears, They're damn'd who use any Arms but Pray'rs and

(Tears.

O bless'd Haleyon Days! as for which sake, we long'd our Tabernacles here to make.

But, alas! the brightest Day must have its End! Heav'n for our Faith-desender's pleas'd to send, No longer Place on Earth for him is found, He's wrapt to th' Ætherial Regions, to be crown'd.

The * Church's Fav'rite Prince ascends the Throne, Whose steady Zeal secur'd for him the Crown.

In this our rightful Prince we put great Trust,
And always, always stil'd him, James the Just;
That could not, would not, break his facred Word,
On which w' rely'd, as Oracles of the Lord;
With whom we hop'd to come t' Accommodation,
To purge off Schism from the Church and Nation,
And all true Churchmen to have kept their Station:
From Calvin's Soil to've scower'd her bright as Silver,
That Heav'n with sublime Favours might have fill'd her,
And on this Faith, being fill'd with sacred Glee,
We sang, ¶ O who so happy, so happy as we!
But alas! alas! the harmless Spouse of Christ,
Who none but th' innocent Culavers Even possession.

Who none but th' innocent Culvers Eyes posses'd;
No Eyes of Hawks, nor yet the Serpent's Prudence,
Too apt t' be led by Nature t' a Deludance;
Pierc'd not into that inexor'ble Spirit,
We too late find the Roman See inherit,
To stoop the least to her Apostate Daughter,
Or change, at least, that Track in which she less her.
If her Daughter return to her, she'll find her tame,
But Infallibility is always the same.

This King's Misfortune 'twas, for to inherit
His luckless Father's fatal self-will'd Spirit;
Join'd with th' genuine Spirit of that of Rome,
No Terms to make with Hereticks, but their own:
Which would he've done, we'd gladly gone half Ways,
And kept him warmly in his Throne all's Days.

'Twas

T'E'e

W

Tv

W

Ri

Chi

W

Bu

M

Ar

Th

TI

W

Go T

T

^{*} King Fames II.

A Song of which that the keeping common at that Time.

'Twas always this unhappy Church's Fate, E'er since from Rome she first did separate, Within her own Communion to have join d Two potent Bodies, vastly wide in Mind.

The Tories, for the Mitre's true Succession, With th' Romish Church, a friendly Coalition,

Right indefeasible of the British Crown,

Gainst which, Resistance in no Case should down.

The Whigs they mak't a human Constitution, Church-Government to support, without Consusion; Which States may change, as Circumstances stand, But (Subter Rosam) on Geneva's Hand, May alter the Succession, bind the Crown, And, on Default, resist, and e'en dethrone.

Us, with the Papists, always chumm'd together; They with Diffenters; each their Point to weather.

The Tories take Dissenting much in dudgeon,

And warmly claim Compulsion in Religion.

The Whigs they think Infallibility Nonsense,
That every one is Orthodox in's own Sense,
And ought to have his freedom Use of Conscience.
These are discriminate Tests of Whig and Tory,
To own that Name, not Thing, 's a sleveless Story;
The King just quash'd Rebellion in the West,
And Danger (none apprehending) from the East;
Like rustick Father in the Days of Yore,
Whe 'nstead of's God, to the Devil paid's Devoir.
Being told's Mistake, reply'd, I's know what's do,
God's good old Man, will do no Harm, I know:
The Proverb's true, Tis good to please a Shrew.

By Council mix'd, some trait'rous, and some free, All quite infatuate, by Divine Decree, To hasten's own forlorn Catastrophy.

Indulg'd Diffenters, the most dangerous Party, Who tho' he could not bring to's Interest hearty, Yet thought, by Gratitude, their Hands to bind, Whilston the Church, who'd been to them unkind, He, unresisted, might obtain his End.

For us, poor Church! he knew our Tenents such, That we durst not the Lord's anointed touch; Or those by him commission'd dar'd resist,

On Pain bing damn'd b' our Faith in th' Oxford Test.
This Doctrine fill'd our Pulpits twenty Years,
All while Fanaticks fill'd's with pannick Fears,
To mortify them on their grand Rebellion,

Not dreaming, thus to make't to Rome a Stallion.

The credulous King, our Laity thought like theirs, T' believe whate'er th' Clergy drum in our Fars; Thought even Gideon's feeble Strength too much To quell, with Honour, an unresisting Church: Which, tho' he often to maintain profes'd, Meant not (it feems) the Church of Bouncing Befs. Broke in at once upon her in all Quarters, But found too foon he'd caught a Swarm of Tartars; Both Whigs and Tories in Conspiracy fix, Whose Blood (till then) would not in a Bason mix; Nature'gainst Principle turn'd notorious Rebel, Ten Thousand Loyal Sermons preach'd in Idle, And all Commands to Obedience broke in the Bible: Our Bishops, Lords and Commons all conspire To help's (once more) from Frying-Pan into Fire. *Twas carried on with Secrecy profound, Universal Nature seem'd to be in a Stound; The Plot was laid on Earth, in Heav'n 'twas seal'da That James no longer must the Scepter weilds

F

F

NS

B

Λ

TLATIVH

A

 T_{ℓ}

B

H

A

A

Co'T

T

The fav'rite Belgian Prince invited over, A Forest loads the Sea, from Callis to Dover; He came, he saw, he saw, he Overcome, For the Lord's Anointed, here's no longer room.

The Church might then took up this Lamentation,
As being the only Cause of's Abdication;
The Daughter of * Zion's cruel, like the Ostrich grown,
She lays her Eggs, and leaves them in the Sun:
While she was gend'ring them, was void of Fears,
She's it harden'd 'gainst her Brood, as none of her's;
Because the Lord hath not made her wise-hearted,

Nor Understanding to her Sons imparted.

The Church's fav'rite Doctrine of the Cross, The King thought fure she'd practice as profess, Lur'd him his Plots to brood against the Church, And when they were hatch'd, she left him in the Lurch, The Whigs, with whom we went on hand in hand, 'Till's facred Person's forc'd to fly the Land, Were Saints to us, they practis'd as profess'd, Had we done so, the Crown he'd still posses'd; All we can say, we sent for's Highness o'er To beat his Dad, and call his Mother Whore: But, alas! the subtile Whigs and politick German Had Thoughts too deep, to clear our Court of Vermin; And their return to th' Hague with's Troops of Croakers, And leave us fafe, for their eternal Joakers. Conventions forthwith summon'd of the States, Twixt Church and Whigs are long and warm Debates; The Church for fixing Terms t' restore the King, But crafty Whigs, alas! meant no such thing.

M

With

he

If

If

T

If

With one Confent the pow'rful Party cry, Our Government's ungirt, in Shivers lye, Our Constitution's a Non-Entity. We're now, in State of Nature, no fuch thing As Peers and Commons, Parliament and King; What Form of Government we please to chuse Is facred, when we've gave unto't our Vows; If on a King we pitch, as 'twas before, There's none so fit as him we fent for o'er, If his illustrious Highness is content To accept our postulated Government: (a) With's Princess he accepts (curst Whiggish Bite) For ever spoilt Hereditary Right; She's fent for o'er, both feated on the Throne, A pleasing Rape upon their Father's Crown. A Senate's call'd forthwith, to heal the Nation, Embelish'd by the Clergy in Convocation, To close the Breach, 'nd repair Delapidations. But she being bit by th' Whigs, bit them again, And made them just Return, in their own Coin. Dissenters Mouths in former Reign to stop, (B' our equal Foes) whilst they our Church unprop, Were courted and indulg'd; but Us, distress'd, Drown'd almost in the Cieve, thus them address'd: Our dear dissenting Brethren, pray take Care, This Toleration is a Royal Snare: If by Cajole and Charm, your Hands they bind, Whilst we're unhing'd, you won't be long behind. We've worried you; confess our Faults this Day, And now're become the common Enemy's Prey.

If once't please God to dissipate this Cloud,
Our Hand in Glove will make's exceeding proud:
Commission special's gave the Convocation,
To give our Liturgy those Alterations,
Which must, of course, made Room for to include

The bulkiest Part of the Dissenting Brood.

But, Thanks to Heav'n, no sooner was she unceiv'd, Than her antient genuine Spirit was retriev'd; Nor Tobit, Bell, nor Devil Asmodeus, We'd part withal, resolv'd, altho' they'll'd flea us. If once we break the Church's antient Barrier, They ev'n then t' Geneva's Gates might carry her; And stopt each Mouth, which there began to wrangle, With Nolumus multari leges Anglia:

Which put th' Belgian Prince and's Friend in a Chagrin, Who, with utmost Zeal, were in this Project lab'ring.

So having gave th' Whigs a Jack f'r their Robin,

It some Attonement made for Scepter-jobbing.

The Oath by Parliament, to secure the Crown, For Publicans and Priests to swallow down, We having plighted Iroth to th' former King, To swear to this unperjur'd! no such thing! Which in the Church's Bowels Convulsions rais'd; Their Honour with their Interest equal poiz'd. Alas! the Whigs! more happy far than me! Their Principles with Nature best agree; They always swear to a King i' th' following Sense: He keeps Cor'nation Oath, they're his Desence; But when that's broke, the Tyrant doth commence. No longer King, no longer King for they; To your Tents, to your Tents, O Israel, Horse 'nd away. Ours fram'd by Grace, tho' a Kingdom to undo,

Dare not (thro' Faith) resist the least in View.

If Nature against Principle doth rebel, True Charity'll shut her Eyes, we know full well; She always meant her Oath to th' Kings in groß, Or else she'd spoilt her Doctrine of the Cross: Obedience absolute, without Reserve, From active, or from passive, ne'er to swerve; If Cafar change to a Lion, or ranging Bear, Her Oath t' Obedience doth not center there : If Caf'r hath your Estate, or Wife in View, When the Sov'reign Will's breath'd forth, 'tis Cafar's If he commands to his Gods to Sacrifice, (Due: The Thabian Legion is before your Eyes. The Church, alas! being thus in great Distress, Should she have practic'd what she did profess, There needs must follow a Famine of the Word, Worse than of Bread or Plague, or Fire, or Sword; Or, which is worse, by all th' World be abhorr'd. Thus in the Mire and Dungeon being stann'd, ¶ Ebedmelech th' Æthiopian, lent his Hand: She gladly accepted, glad t' be holpen out, Altho' with rotten Rags, and old cast Clouts; With Pastoral Letter butter'd o'er the Oath, And made it fit for 'n Ecclesiastick Mouth. The Lord unto the Æthiopians House shew'd Good, Helping the Church that Juncture out o' th' Mud. The Clergy, who 'till then had kept aloof, This Pill to swallow, ne'er bestirr'd a Hoof: Like Sheep, now into Fold they crowded in, Which rais'd among the Laity gen'ral Grin.

Two

SI

H

T

Two Oaths to rival Princes being in Force, They must be guilty 'f Perjury in course.

Alas! tho' Sardis like, she'd a Name to live, She's dead! her Beauty's gone beyond Retrieve! Her Ways han't perfect been before th' most High, Those Things which still remain, are like to dye; From Head to Foot no Soundness, none but Gores, Bruises and Wounds, and putrifying Sores: My Bowels! my Bowels! my Heart is full of Pain, It makes a Noise; from Speech I can't refrain.

Our visible Church, from nick-nam'd Reformation, Supported seventy Years, by a sham Succession; And * eighty Years fince, by Faith legitamiz'd, For a faral Breach now justly's stigmatiz'd.

Our Metropolitan from his See's divorc'd, With a few of's Order, firm to th' Lord of Hoft; These Angels of the Church, by Law depriv'd, + No Law Divine, new Nuprials long furviv'd.

When

Which if done, as the one is a Secular Usurper, the other is a Spiritual one.

The Consequences of which, one as well as the other, are obvious.

^{*} See behind, p. 59, 60.

[†] The Rev. Mr. Collier, whose Sufferings for his Faith, fully discover his Sincerity, speaks the true Sense of every genuine Churchman; tho' few have discovered their Sincerity and Christian Resolution, by his like Sufferings. his Church History, 2d Book, p. 89, 1st Vol. on Cenwalch, King of the West Saxons, dividing the Bishoprick of Winchester, bringing in Wina, his Countryman, for the fake of his Language, and placing him at Winchester, without the Consent of Algibert, a French Bishop, in Possession of that Diocess; on which he retired to France : Saith thus - 'The Church being an independent Society, which we must grant, unless we charge the Christians of the first three Centuries with Mutiny and Disobedience to the Roman Emperors; the Civil Magi-" strate hath no more Right to wrest the Bishop's Flock out of his Hand, or draw the People from their Obedience to their Spiritual Superior, than the Bi-' shop hath to pervert the Subjects from their Allegiance, and grant away Parcel of the Dominions of their Secular Sovereign.

When second Match succeeds unjust Divorce, A spurious Issue must succeed of course.

How many Consecrations from that Hand!

How many Priests those Bishops they ordain'd!

Were th' vulgar Throng of half our Reason Masters,

To pierce thro' these deplorable Disasters;

And doubted whether by Layick, in Priest's Disguise, They were only Laved at Font, and not Baptized,

Their Souls still out of Covenant with God;

'Tis enough to make them run stark staring mad.

A few in Sardis han't their Names defil'd, And they, being worthy, walk in White unsoil'd: As a Cott in a Vineyard, fits the Daughter of Zion; Or a Lodge 'mong Cucumbers, if you cast your Eye on.

Those who to God and King did sirmly stand, Like a little Flock of Kids in Field remain'd,

While th' uncircumciz'd in Heart fill'd all the Land.

How is the Gold with Dimness deeply tinged!
The finest Gold, alas! how is it rendged!
O Virgin Daughter of Zion! great's thy Breach;
Great as the Sea. What Hand for Help can reach?
Her, who once like a flaming Beacon at Night,
Might fairly all the Church's Candles light,
And of that Glory modestly be proud;
How is that Glory shadow'd with a Cloud!

The Church being broke, and funk into Contempt,

Each Member can't expect to be exempt.

As all Affronts to 'n Earthly Ambass' dor done, Each Royal Master takes it as his own; So each Indignity put on a Priest, Is crucifying, asresh, our Saviour Christ; Of which the Church bath always had Regard, Whene'er the Offender's hang'd, the Priest was spar'd,

De-

Degraded, and of facred Habit stript,

And in a vile Lay Miscreant's Habit 'quipt.

* We'd lately, in France, the Duke de Meille-reis, (Not having Fear of God before his Eyes)
Who dar'd to lay Unhallow'd, Ducal Fift,
Unfriendly, about th' Head and Ears of a Priest;
Condemn'd for Six Years close Imprisonment,
And Three from's native Air, in Banishment;
And, lest to slight his Soul might seem unkind,
He's twenty thousand current Livres sin'd,
To check his Layship's being again vicious,
And beautify the Church of Saint Sulpicious.

But in our Realm reform'd, a Priest by Order, Smit with a Butcher's Wise, and just on board her, Caught by the Cuckold only purging's Reins, The bloody Beast, with's Cleaver, slat out's Brains.

Yet neither could Attempts of any Sort,
The Reverend great Appearance at the Court,
The Carnaidge such, apparent Slight of Justice
Might soon appear, where sublimated Lust is;
Nor due Regard unto the sacred Order,
Induce the Judge t' direct to find it Murder.
Which mov'd the Patience of each Reverend Brother,
That meekly thus they mutter'd to each other:

" Alas! alas! if Things are carry'd thus,

"There can be no fafe Living long for us."
But should a Clergyman, how stanch soever,
For Welfare of his Country, only endeavour
To spoil the Credit of our Paper Coin,
Whilst that of Silver and Gold the Court purloin;

Or

^{*} In our publick News, July, 1723.

Or help, with Pray'rs and Arms, his rightful Sov'reign, The Realms of's Ancestors t' regain and govern; Without Regard of Gown, or Order either,

The Criminal and Priest are hang'd together.

O Horrid Sight! to see a Halter pendent,

With a Gown and Cassock hanging at the End on't.
To that Contempt we're sunk, since Resormation,
But mostly since the blessed Revolution;
That now the great'st Disgrace cast on a Priest,

Is by the Brutish Laity turn'd t' a Jest.

They who were once the Church's Property,
Now Wisdom from their Hands, the Brutes defy.
Of Sacred Writ, they've got the wanton Swing,
They scorn the Streams, for sooth, they'll swill at Spring.
Each thinks himself as wise as one of us,
(Our Great Grandsire, their Wisdom bought with a Curse.)
Their Thirst for Knowledge sirst made's all unwise,
Th' Impress Divine stampt on our Souls Disguise.

O were there but one Bible in each Parish!
The antient Christian Spirit would quickly stourish;
The Laity'd gape to hear that sacred Word,
None worthy e'er thought to read but Priests o'th' Lord.
That Knowledge which puss up, would quickly vanish,
And the ignorant Soul in true Devotion flourish.
Fresh Dignity would b' on our Order stampt,
By the Laity's Knowledge sunk into Contempt.

These sacred Pages being in Time worn out,

By frequent turning over toth' Devout;

* The Reverend Dean of Worcester's sage Advice, Is worthy general Practice in this Case.

There

^{*} You have this Story in St. James's Evening-Post, September, 1722.

There happening in that Diocess a Squabble, 'Twixt Priest and Wardens, whose was this Old Bible: They jointly appeal to the aforesaid Reverend Dean, Who thus adjudg'd with grave and serious meen.

By frequent Use of Sacred Hand upon't.

'Twas now as holy as the Altar or Font;
And thus being confecrated in the Church,

' Too Sacred now for common Hands to touch;

With great Solemnity 't ought to be burn'd,

6 Its Ashes under the Altar kept in an Urn.
Full 12 Years the Church was weathering I

Full 13 Years the Church was weathering Danger, All th' Reign of that uncircumcifed Stranger; When Sorrel's Jobb, for Behoof of Commonwealth, Set all High Church a gog a toasting's Health.
Unhappy Church, who ne'er was out of Danger, But when she'd got a Head and Faith-defender, Who left us surprisingly at Rack and Manger.

* A Faith-Defendress next ascends the Throne, Of long Heredit'ry Right, the next but one; Right Royal Blood, right Ecclesiastick Spirit, And h'r Royal Family's Virtues did inherit.

But, alas! to a Foreign Prince, being under Cover, Of our establish'd Church no Fondling Lover: Her Nuptial Vows indelible imprest On her tender, passive, Ecclesiastick Breast; And with her Consort's Blood so deeply allay'd, Her Sov'reign Subjects Will always obey'd; She wore the Crown, but He the Scepter sway'd. Which, rather than usurp'd, was on her thrown, A Queen de facto would not cordial down.

O

As

As when the Sun, in total, dim Eclipse, From behind the interposing Moon he slips, Instancously his wonted Beams display, And drives disastrous gloomy Shades away; Sets all the Airy 'Habitants on the Chirp, Which just before, with Horror gap'd and quirk'd: Or Ducks, on long-desired Change of Weather, By Instinct glad, on Water cack together. The Church's whole Creation long being bound, She feels she something wants, herself bemoan'd; For wonted Liberty the Creature groan'd.

But as foon's the Queen began her Scepter's Sway,

The tenfeful Creature chang'd to blith and gay,

By sudden Impulse fill'd with sudden Joy.

May-Poles, peculiar Pageants of this Nation, Disast'rous Twilight-Days, grown out of Fashion, In ev'ry Place, with harmless Zeal, they erect, With Garlands hung, and gaudy Flowers bedeckt; In antient Dance, Morisco frisking round, To Tabor-pipe, and to the Vioi's Sound: Spruce Girls, in rural Dance, and wanton Mien, Twinkling like Flambeaux, upon ev'ry Green.

But, during Covert of this Royal Dame, The Church's Expectations prov'd but lame; False Brethren of the Church, bore all the Part

In Army, Parliament, and at the Court.

That dang'rous Practice o'th' Samaritan Crew, Occasional Conforming on their Due, T' obtain a Place of Profit, or of Trust,

To Zealots of our Church gave great Disgust.

An Act they frame, this Evil to prevent, Knowing well a Conventicle's contagious Scent;

(She

(She being of Texture pice, and wondrous tender) Convulsions dang'rous in her Bowels might gender: Beside, if Thousands by this Law expell'd, Were not always in her Communion held; One sairest Work of Christ, true Church she'd louz'd, Of Publicans and Sinners being compos'd.

This Bill, with flaming Zeal, the Commons pass'd; But th' Lords Concurrence begg'd, they hung in Arse:

The Low-Church Faction there fo far prevail'd,

And Luke warm Bishops, that the Bill was spoil'd.

A Doctor of the Church, enflam'd with Zeal,
For our distressed, gasping Church's Weal,
Took Heart in topmost Or'tory of the Realm,
T' expose the Danger, even from the Helm;
To point the Cloud that o'er her Head was gath'ring,
Her perilous State, 'specially 'mong false Brethren.
The guilty Party, wounded Hip and Thigh,
Touch'd to the Quick, with Clamours fill the Sky:
High Crimes and Missemeanors's laid to's Charge,
From which the Champion's forc'd himself to purge,
Or the Arbitrary Sentence undergo,
Of th' most august Assembly here below.

The Church thus wounded thro' the Doctor's Side, Her Nursing Mother must her Bowels hide. Her luckless Covert made false Brethren bolder. For, tho' she knew it rain'd, whene'er they told her, Her Consort, Court, and Senate, One in Three, No Marvel then the Church came off by th' Lee. And tho her whole Creation deeply groan'd, By Nature sympathizing in this Wound; Samaritans to Unsynagogue began, They're soon dispers'd by Military Hand.

0 3

On this, her Icon, in grand Robes of State, Thrice Forty Coronets in Judgment fate: Before the dire Tribunal he appears; The Church, by Sympathy, share Stakes with's Fears. The Charge against him t'utmost Force is bent, Vhig Zeal and Art, with Eloquence, could invent. Iet, tho' with Mien so gracious he replies, Is drew whole Show'rs of Tears from Female Eyes, The great august, and the most noble Throng, Damn him three Years, to hold his scolding Tongue: Too dire a Sentence but for manly Breath, On Female Gender ten times worse than Death! The Church's Mouth for Pulpit thus struck mute, 1 Rural Progress must her Strength recruit: from th' Prophet's Widow's College in the South, To Willsbire, utmost Confines on the North, The happy Womb that bore him, Paps he fuckt, A tedious Pilgrimage the old Matron took, Once more the Bleffing of her Womb to chuck. For's fervent Zeal, took on her to reprove him, To's Father's and Grandsire's Luke-warm Zeal to move His popularity'd potent Enemies made him Perfum'd, from farther Progress to disswade him. Quothhe, with pious Zeal and Wrath inflam'd, An't you of Luke-warm Laod'ceans asham'd? Behind me, Satan, get; behind me stand; Thou savourest not the Things of God, but Man. So (that) on's firm Resolve made no Impression, But on he goes in this Preambulation. With great Solemnity they crowd the Ways, And Peals of Joy, each Village, fill the Skies.

Where'er he came, an Angel he's receiv'd,
The drooping Spirit of the Church reviv'd;
With Food divine he feeds their facred Lust,
With choicest Dainties they regale his Gust:
The Snush from's Box sends forth Ambrosian Savour,
But a Kiss of's Picture on't, the highest Favour.
Which set the Doctor's Fancy on the Wing,
Who lov'd the Picture so, sure lov'd the Thing:
That Love, thinks he, can't err, nor go astray,
Where Religion, with Devotion, paves the Way.
But N—'s Chamber-maid, at Basing stoke,
Had not that Test; thro's fervent Motions broke:

Had not that Test; thro's servent Motions broke:
His melting Arg'ments no Impression made
On th' whiggish, obstinate, resisting Jade;
Which sat so hard on the meek Apostle's mind,
The Dust he shook from's Feet, and lest behind,
Aggriev'd such beauetous Charms shou'd prove so
unkind:

At Home her Dangers daily swell'd and grow'd,
And her Expectations vanish'd from abroad.

That Church with which we long for Union groan'd
Of the Universal Church a Member sound,
And Nation, which we'd watch'd for, long to've sav'd us.
Our Eyes now fail'd, and Hopes that long reviv'd us;
The uncircumcis'd Confed'rates put [that] Stand
Under our manag'd Queens great Chief's Command
At Blenheim, Hochstedt, Rameillis, Oudernard,
Sart and Insart, where his Victorious Sword
By horrid Fate, too much victorious Battle,
The Gauls cut Capers, and their Bones made rattle.
The mighty King, the Church's only Hope,
Quite Flanet-struck, his Army's forc'd to elope,

And

And quit Towns, Princedoms, Regions, most th' Remains, Of the glorious Prey of Fifty Grand Campaigns: Each Battle won, our Royal Mistress Stound, Her Brother's Right, with thought of Heut profound, And Church, in th' House of a Friend, receiv'd a Wound. But as foon's her Confort took a Leap to th' Dark, In a different Scene of Politicks she embark'd ; The Stuart's Blood ran topmost in her Veins, Just like her Ancestors she thenceforth reign'd: To bloody Wars she gave a humble Curch, Uncircumcis'd Confederates left i' th' Lurch. Gave back the Christian Patron all the Spoils Of twenty Years Treasure, Blood, and martial Foils: Th' Occasional Conformist lest in Lurch, By 'n Act for more Security of the Church ; Brought her to Pifgah, 'n View o'th' Holy Land, And th' glorious Restoration e'en to Hand: Just then, alas! (too soon) trampooz'd to th' Skies, And left poor Church and Brother to wipe their Eyes.

Was

Was e'er Hereditary Realm with an Act to bles'd, As the gasping Monarch left us at the last, door! Which fill d the Creature King with Consolation, As Sacramental Pass-port to Salvation; Who's constant War we'd pardon'd against the Church, Were not Inherent Right fo left in Lurch. Would but the Laity meekly to us hark, We Royal Blood would trace, ev'n in the Dark, Thro' all the mouldly holes to Noah's Ark. But now the Biblish Faction, luckless Fate! Brand on that Name which did it first translate; Where e'er we Inherent Right should glibly Center, The aukward Whig, to spoilit, thus adventure; 'Our great great Grandsire Noah, who 'fall the Nation, " Was the only Righteous Man in's righteous Generation, ' And found that Favour with th' Almighty Lord, "With's Family to be lav'd the Ark on Board solod was Whilst all the rest, with evil Projects fraught, "Twixt Cataracts and swelling Deeps were caught; 'He Righteous Virtue to Birth-right preferr'd, '(a) His youngest Son he bles'd; the eldest serv'd: "From Shem the youngest's Loyns sprang Abram's Birth, 'The Father of the noblest Line on Earth; 'His Grandson Jacob, tho' the youngest Brother, 'Yet he receiv'd this Bleffing from his Father; Let all the Nations Bow before thy Throne, And be thou Lord above thy Mother's Son. 'And tho' by a clean Whig Knack the Bleffing's gain'd, Which went most griev'ous against poor Esau's Grain, Who fought with Tears the Bleffing to obtain;)

⁽a) Gen. 9. 26.

Quoth the Holy Pa, with Spirit sublime possessd, (b) Jacob I've bles'd, and he shall be bles'd; The Earth shall Corn and Fatness thee afford, Serve thou thy younger Brother, he's thy Lord. When dying Jacob call'd's twelve Sons to's Bed, To scatter's various Blessing on each Head, 4 Tho' Ruben was his First-born, God's first Dow'r. The Ex'lence of Dignity and Pow'r; Yet daring Billah's Bed, his Father's Right 'And Sim and Levy's flaying the Sechemite, On Judah's Head bestow'd the Bleffing Royal, 'To whom his Brethren must be Subjects Loyal. When Jacob's Sons from Egypt's Bondage went, They w're under God's immediate Government; Who passing the elder Tribes in Israel by 'The young it of Brethren in Iniquity, Whole Line was stain'd with cursed Cruelty: 'He pitch'd on for his Vice-Roy here 'n Earth, "To Rule aright, not daining Blood or Birth; 'That cruel Line were Priests of God most high, And those who for Succession lofty fly, Take't altogether, their Glory won't deny. 'Law-giver Mojes, God's Vicegerent dead, When thro'the Defert he'd the People led; + Josbua, the youngest Tribe by Ordination, Is made the Head of all that mighty Nation: · Three hundred Thirty Years Theocracy "The younger Tribes the Judgment-Seat Supply; Till weary of the Gov'rnment of the Lord, The Prophet Samuel for a King they implor'd; Like hungry Children crying for Bread and Butter,

He

The aged Prophet they so grieve and clutter:

⁽b) Gen. 27.33, 37-40. † An Ephramite, Chron. 1. and 7. and ver. 20.27;

'He pray'd to God, who order'd them a King) Not one of Rubens, nor of Judah's Line, But the meanest Family in Benjamine. But Kings as well as Subjects may Rebell, Saul broke the Law, and the Succession fell. 'For noble Judah's Tribe, the Time's now come To wear the promis'd Royal Diadem; 'Till Shilo came, whose Scepter's glorious Sway, All Pow'rs in the Un'verse must obey: A King's anointed, not of princely Line, But 'f Farmer Jessee's Sons, the young'st of ten. He reign'd, he reign'd, the Man of God's own Hear But maugre 'biather's well meant Priestly Art, Set Adonijah by his just Succession, And gave the Crown in Lemuel's fole Possession 'To Rehoboam next the Scepter fell, The first successive King in Israel; With antient Statesmen he consulted first, To answer those for Ease of Tax address'd. Quoth th' grave old Whigs, now, now's thy time, or never, Speak kindly to these Men, they're thine for ever. With th' junior Fry the Puny next consulted, Grown proud, to Privy Counsellors exalted: Quoth they, Art not thou King o'er Israel? Go, mighty King, presumptuous Vassals tell, My Finger shall prepond my Father's Hips; With Scorpions I'll chastise, as he with Whips. Thus council'd high-flown Tories, thus spake the King The People stoo i not hank'ring on the thing, What Portion in the Son of Fesse have me? To your Tents, O Israel: To th' own House, David: See The whole Ten Tribes revolt with one Accord: Which thing, as it was from, fo't pleas'd the Lord.

And if Divine Examples ought to bind, For Right Hereditary, none we find. Thus can't these aukward Whigs, and what shall's say If Scripture Rules alone must bear the Sway, With 'xamples there contain'd, we've lost the Day. Thus is the sublime Church expos'd t' a Non-plus, By Laymen's Use of Holy Writ amongst us: Nor hath our spiritual Regimen there Foundation, But with Hereditary King ship her Relation, To Whiggish Caprice must be a vile Oblation. But fixty Years Possession 'ntitling Land, as Shall not twelve hundred Years Prescription stand? So many, full, hath pass'd their Revolution, Whilst Prelacy, in Peace, kept free Possession; Which she improv'd, and by Degrees obtain'd A Legislature from Imperial Hand. Which Power employ'd fo long a Tract of Time, Must valid make't, as if 't had been divine. 'Till since, two Centuries, chiefly o'er the Main, The Reformation did her Pow'r restrain, And the Bible only must be her Rule again. Some Shade she hath of Old Authority, But 'n all her Acts the State hath Finger in Pye: She makes her Priests, we own, the King makes Bishops; From him the Mitre, and from her the + Fish-hooks. The Outside on't is much as 'twas before, With formal Conge d'Etire, as said before;

God makes the Calves, the Gelder makes the Oxen.

O'tis, and should be for deep Lamentation!

In th' holy Place is rais'd the Abomination!

Prays God t' direct their Choice of Bish'ps, but mock 'em:

⁺ Peter's Successors Fishers of Men, Luke 5. 10.

The Church of her most sacred Depositum robb'd, And her Bishops made from 4th Hand, by the Mobb! Had but our Kings their Power alone from God,

[His] Vice-Roy's Creatures would not be so odd;

Or were she independent on the State,

She'd drop her flaming Zeal for inherent Right: But Creatures of a dependent Creature Crown,

With God, like High Church Spirits, will not go down.

By Force of Arms, with Zeal being lately fir'd, With Pray'rs and Tears (our antient Arms) quite tir'd; To change a King de fact' for one de jure,

A bloody Victim fell to Whiggish Fury.

At Rat Cadge, Preston, and at fell Dumblain,

Were thousands Prisoners took, and thousands slain.

The lofty Low Church Monarch not content
To conquer the sublime Church Militant,
But on her he must cast the great'st Contempt:
Scarce one t'a hundred on 'em thought worth hanging,
(So Russian Wives despis'd, escapes the Banging)

The Church, the in the Fielh receiv'd this Wound, Her Spiritual Part remain'd robust and sound; Her Soul being knit t' her nat'ral rightful King, His Restoration being the long'd-for Thing; She lay perdue for a Season opportune,

The glorious Thing t' effect the most impune,

A Prelate of the Church steers this Design,
(The Serpent with the Dove, compleat th' Divine)
A Bishop sit this Grand Design to weather,
In whom St. Paul and Machi vel chumm'd together:
A Soul exactly quadrat to the Fashion,
Of all Church genuine Sons throughout the Nation;
Save, seldom curs'd and swore, but when in Passion.

One only Thing was bodeing ill Success, Being Bishop of that luckless Diocess,

Of which Old Fisher, in King Henry's Days,

* Was Prato Martyr, for a much like Cause.

On him was all the faithful Eyes of th' Land,

Most numerous among the sacred Band;

Fit Mediums for this Project's Propagation, Being so convenient posted o'er the Nation.

Could George be render'd lewd, as † Sardanapalus, Amongst our Ladies, that would not avail us; But since to raise Contempt's the only Thing To draw the Peoples Hearts from off their King, The Turnip-Story we trump'd up and drest; A charming Subject for a High Church Breast. Each Country Tea table had its Superintendant, A cunning Wit or Vestal Virgin at th' end on't, Half Hippo-crazed, their Chat would make one mend on't.

Each Way such Quillets slew, like piver-wind Air, Their Tea-table Chat was uniform's their Pray'r; Which set our Apron Votaries all on the Giggle, Without Scaramouch, or Taber-pipe and Fiddle; This serv'd our End, all passing for Boon-sooth,

And Lyes we know are as good for Fools as Truth,

The South-Sea Cheat fell in most opportune, Which we took care to trumpet to that Tune; Two Courtiers deeply engaged in the Thing, 'Twas natural for us to throw it all on the King; By which we gave a Taint to th' vulgar Throng, Their Loyalty grew weak, their Prejudice strong.

And

W

A

H

C

+ The last King of the Assyrians infamous for his Esseminacy, Lewdness, and Luxury.

^{*} Bishop Fifter was beheaded in Hen. VIIIth's Reign, for denying his Supre-

And fince, for all those Oaths to George we took, No Attonement could be made, unless they're broke; We nick'd that Juncture for the high Delign, The fole Establishment to undermine; And by Profundity of High-Church Thought The Nation's all dispos'd for a Revolt.

Our Dieams were lac'd with glorous Revelations, Huge Oaks, White Roses, boading Restoration.

The politick Monarch rarely unappriz'd, Of what in our Bed Chambers we devis'd, Lay close, till this deep Plot came just to a Head, And then with Turn of Hand knock'd all in head: Our grand Design (unknown to's how) was sapp'd, Our Chiefs, while dreaming, in the Bastile clapp'd: The Daring Monarch, scorning Martial Pow'r, 'mong's Western Subjects naked took his Tour; Unguarded there, took the most politick Way With debonair, th' Peoples Hearts t' betray. He feasted * Sorbudinum, cloathed all their Poor, Common to all was made the Royal Store, (No Monarch e'er so bounteous there before:) Paid all the Pris'ners Debts, set all o'm free, And fill'd the Country all around with Glee.

When him they faw, they thought a German Boor, With o'er-grown Fangs, our holy Church to gore; Surprizing Charms fill each deluded Breaft, Who vow'd they'd never more believe their Priest: More Whigs was made in that politick Jaunt, Than all our Clergy in feven Years makes Saints: The great Soul'd King, thought not his Crown fo good

To b' worth the flabbering much Tory Blood;

Hang'd

^{*} Antient Name for Salisbury.

hus

With

That

And

Who

0 f w

Whi

The

Fra

An

(b)

An

Son

Th

 \mathbf{B}

Hang'd one poor Patriot, all the rest to Awe, On Temple Gate, fave only Gutts and Maw, To Scarecrow all Professors of the Law; For Adonijah's Cause, Abiather No longer must the facred Ephod wear, Banish'd to Anathoth to spend's Days there; The Rev'rend Prelate's thought not worth a Halter, In's Predecessor's Cause to die a Martyr; Us far into the gloomy Defert cast, In all our Hopes and Expectations cross'd: To Low-Church Brethren frankly thus we address, Who the poor Remains of ancient Power posses; Dear Joys, dear Joys, you see our woeful Case! Can you sit easy in your dangerous Place? Behold our spiritual Mother without a Ghost, The Careass of a Church alone to boast Of the brightest and devoutest, almost Childless, And none remain but the Lukewarm and the wildest; With a huge promiscuous Crew o' Socinians, Arians, Free-thinkers, Deists, Atheists, Libertinarians; Were once our Church's Discipline restor'd, We'd Scourge these off the Temple of the Lord, Dear Brethren, let's to a friendly Coalition, Tho' only to retrieve our broke Succession. With Hands on thoughtful Hearts, han't you some Qualms On th' dark Event of Abdicating James? Our Bishops most o'em Laymen in Lawn Sleeves, As holy as Butchers dress'd for killing Beeves, And most of all our Priests but Cassock'd (a) Thieves; We know your 'version to the Roman Chair, With too much Breach of Charity we fear: Thus

⁽a) He that entereth not into the Sheep-fold by the Door, but climbeth up some other Way, is a Thief and a Robber, John 10. 1.

Thus think, thus say you, Can't Christ's Church subfift, Vithout Dependance upon Antichrist? That flagrant Son of Perdition, who thirsts and pants, And drunk hath made himself with Blood of Saints. Beside, can they our broke Succession mend, Whose frequent Schisms bath brought their own to an end; Of which one only lasted forty Years, Whilst Infallibility fill'd two Rival Chairs: The English fought for Urban, France for Clement, A Sea of Blood could not that Schism cement; France from Avignon had ber Palls, we from Rome, And each to keep Succession safe at home: (b) They, and Twenty-five Such more, b' their own Confession And each a fatal Wound to grand Succession: Sometimes two bloody Rivals, sometimes three, The longest Swordsman must Christ's Vicar be By Sacred Word, no Bishop must be a Striker, vo And can he who's so, be a Bishop-maker? f Conquest Title gives to Peter's Chair, Presbyt'ry once obtain'd good Title here. Thus you our Low-Church Brethren is engage of Who can't but own we shrink at such a Charge, But to the Greek Church should we have recourse, on 19.1 We doubt we there should change but Cole for a worse; Long time she under her own Patriarchs flourish'd, Then from the Breast of Rome her See was nourish'd. The Greeks for Novelties being something queasy, Her Foster Mother's Milk sat not so easy; They quar'l about the Time of keeping Eafter, And the Empire moving there, abruptly left her, No longer she's a Mother own'd, nor Sister.

Each.

Each Year, to rub up fresh this fester'd Sore,
They 'nathamatize her for the Scarlet Whore;
And can that Church with Bishops bless another,
Who for these thousand Years hath curs'd her Mother?

Now fince nor Asian nor European Churches, Succession can afford us without Croaches, Let's pilgrim't to the Regions of the South, Ev'n to the utmost Boundaries of the Earth, Whence came the Queen, to fee King Solomon's Glory, Ours is transcendant, more momentuous Story; No less than shaping to a true Church, no Church, And reconciling together High Church Low-Church; These peaceful Regions, possest by Prestor John, In Worship, Faith, and in Communion One. By Phill and Matt th' vast Ethiophian Region Was facred made, by Faith of Christ's Religion. From whom by clear Succession unalloy'd, The fublime pastoral Grace hath been convey'd. * This Grace from th' Holy Abunna's Hand let's bring, And let's obtain to agrandize the Thing,

The Hand of him who is both Priest and King.

Thus being endowed with Kingly and Priestly pow'r, Let not us High Church, Low-Church longer jour.

Can't

† The Emperor Prestor John, whose Titles run thus, David, supream in his Kingdoms, beloved of God, sprung from the Stock of Judah, the Son of David, the Son of Solomon, the Son of the Pillar of Zion, the Son of Mary, &c. He is both Priest and King supream in all Causes Ecclesiastical. [See Pagit's Christianography, &c.

^{*} For the Ecclesiastick Government of the Ethiopians are subject to a Patriarch of their own, whom they call Abunna; these are chosen for that high Station by their Sanctity, when Alvares was there, who published an Account of their Faith and Worship; the Abunna, whose Name was Mark, was a Reverend Man, 110 Years old, gracious in his Speech, never speaking without blessing God, and giving Thanks; his Habit White, with a white Cloak button'd before.

Can't Kings as well make Kings, as Priests make Priests? Of all unchristian Jocusts let's draw the Lists. And if our King's Content that we make he, We're Christian-like Content that he make we.

Let's take the Mode of their Symbollick Churches, Built round for Doves of Christ, his previous purchase; Whose insides all around with Gold doth shine, Like Christ his Spouse they 're glorious all within.

Blest with Success if on Zeburn by Nile,
Whole Shoals assault's of monstrous Crocadile.
Thus fraughted, with a Church within's de novo,
They'ld have the same Success with th' Sons of Scovo.
Had we so happy been 's the Spanish Nation,
Who just on our preposterous Resormation.
Had Zabo Zago among them resident,
From David the Ambassine Emperor sent.
Who lest Confession of their Christian Faith,
The nearest our own of any Church on Earth.
That Reverend Prelate, had we been apprized,
Our broke and sunk Succession might b' retriev'd.
Prevented all our Churches Hurley-burley,
And all the rest outstript, (her Sails unsur'd,)
Of Europe, Asia, or the American World.

These Duskey Bishop's makes the Bright'st of Priests, Such Priests by Baptism Members make of Christ. Such Christians all * Inheritors are of Heaven, Where to Eternal Bliss and Glory we leave 'em.

* Vid. Church Catechifm.

FINIS.

E R-

[97.]

(B)

t round for Doves of Carl J. Lines ev out parchale

ERRATA.

Page 6. line 16. for Grim, read Grin. Page 9. line 27. for murb, read mass. p. 19.4. 8. for Biscop, r. Biscops. p. 27. l. 2. for still en, r. been still p. 29. 1 4. for Heracity, read as to Verucity. p. 28. 1. 32. for is, read this. p. 35. 1. 25. for Register, read Registers. p. 44. 1. 19. for valey, read karely.

20 JY 64

out and majoritist value

. 7150H 32. 1

b' regriev'd.

Sons of berig

20

* Vid. Ches. Tonk 1 14: